Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869 | "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. | TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

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CENTRE COUNTY CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION JULY 25 & 26.

THE CENTRE COUNTY FAIR.

Charter Has Been Received And Company Organized.

GROUND PURCHASED AND SURVEYED.

The Long Hoped for Project is Now a Sure Thing—Fair Grounds to be Located on Low Lands Below the Nail Works.

WILL BE OPENED CENTENNIAL WEEK.

A long hoped for project dear to the hearts of all Centre County people who have a single spark of sporting blood in their veins is about to be realized. Centre County is to have an Agricultural fair of the regular old fashioned kind so popular in all the surrounding counties. Just such a fair as has been made famous by Neil Burgess in the "County Fair" in which "Cold Molasses" won his famous race. Oh Yes! we are going to have some healthy horse racing, so all those who are opposed to such things prepare to be terribly shocked for it is a sure thing.

For years past the people of the county have been agitating a county fair but nothing ever came of it, until during the past few months when eight or ten hustling Bellefonte business men put their heads together, organized themselves as a company of fair promoters, and now at last the dreams are about to be realized.

The promoters are John M. Dale, Harry Keller, John Blanchard, John Shugert, John Olewine and Thomas A. Shoemaker. The officers of the temporary organization are Ellis L. Orvis, president; John M. Shugert, secretary. On April 30th a charter was granted to them by the State department at Harrisburg. The company is to be known as the Centre County Agricultural Exhibiting Company with a capital stock of $1,000.00.

There was considerable trouble in securing a suitable location but it was finally decided that the meadow below the Shoemaker residence was just the place for a fair grounds. It is level with plenty of water near, and two railroads run right past it. So this ground has been purchased out right by the fair promoters and work will be begun at once.

The company have secured about 10 acres of ground and Wednesday, Thomas A. Shoemaker, with a surveyor and engineer, went over the ground and laid out the race track and buildings.

A half mile oval race track forty feet wide will be built. Exhibiting buildings, stock stables, trainers quarters and grand stand will be erected. In the centre will be a base ball, foot ball and athletic field for all kinds of sports.

It is intended that during the summer the track shall be kept sprinkled and in good condition so that the place can be used as a driving park. It will be much nicer than driving over the dusty roads, to go in there and take a quiet spin behind a good horse.

The total cost of the grounds, race track, buildings etc., will be from $18.000 to $20.000. It will take 4200 feet of fence to surround the grounds. The race track which is to be thoroughly up to date in every particular will cost about $2,500.00.

It is intended to have the race track completed and the grounds in such shape so as to have the opening during the centennial. It is not fully decided what attraction they will have to open the grounds with although several are in view, among the number being a street fair such as are all the rage just now. The buildings and everything are to be completed prior to October 1, and the first Agricultural fair will be held during the first or second week in October.

It is hoped that they will be able to hold the State Bucknell foot ball game on these grounds next November.

Work will be commenced within the next ten days under the supervisions of Thomas A Shoemaker who has the contract for the work.

A fair ground will be of incalculable advantage not only to our business people but to the young men who have sadly needed just such a place to hold their out door sports. The fair promoters are to be congratulated on their efforts to provide such a place for our people and it is to be hoped it will prove a great success.

A Storm of Snow Balls.

A singular phenomenon occurred at Renovo Friday evening. A dark threatening cloud arose in the west between 5 and 6 o'clock and soon a storm of snow balls was upon Renovo. The storm continued for ten minutes at the end of which time the ground was white.

The down pour then changed to rain which continued for an hour. The rain was welcomed by everyone as it was badly needed.—Lock Haven Express.

Bryan's Blanket.

The Denver "Republican" tells a good story, and a true one, on "Colonel" Bryan that is worth repeating. When the "Colonel" was speeding across New Mexico on the Santa Fe a great crowd greeted him at the little town of Gallup, and the great orator from the plains of Nebraska decided that he would speak with the people. He stepped out upon the back platform, and after bowing his profuse thanks he delivered himself of one of his typical speeches.

The people yelled themselves hoarse, and when the noise subsided the Mayor of the town climbed up to the speaker and presented him with a large Navajo blanket. Mr. Bryan seemed greatly pleased over the gift, and gave the crowd an additional treat by saying a few words as the train was pulling out. The great man from Nebraska then stepped into the car and held up the blanket before the eyes of his admiring friends and a few newspaper men who were making the trip with him. As he did so he noticed a slip of paper pinned to the blanket, and, supposing that it bore some pretty little burst of sentiment about "the terrible crime of 1863," or something of that sort, he began to read it aloud to the people in the car. He had not gone far before he discovered his mistake, but it was too late to stop, and he had to finish. The note as follows:—

My Dear Mr. Bryan:—Under the Republican administration the wool in this blanket sells for 22 cents a pound. Under the Democratic administration it sold for 6 cents. Please tell this to your constituents.

A long and sickening silence on the part of the "Colonel" followed the reading of the note, and when next the great man spoke it was about the weather and the lovely scenery.

—Secretary of Agriculture Wilson believes that with proper development Alaska can ultimately be made to sustain a large population, and he supports this opinion by citing the example of Finland, which, lying in the same latitude and with less than a fourth of Alaska's area, supports 2,000,000 inhabitants, besides exporting considerable quantities of grain, live stock and dairy products. Mr. Wilson now proposes to extend his agricultural experiments into the less inviting region of the Yukon, and if his work shall demonstrate that the soil of that Territory can be made to yield the foodstuffs required by its inhabitants, what may we not expect from Alaska's future development? Gold is there in seemingly limitless quantities; the fisheries are marvelously rich; vast coal deposits have been recently discovered—and if in addition to these resources it is found that the soil will respond to the conquering touch of the American farmer Alaska is destined to become one of the most opulent of all our sources of national wealth.

—Nearly one-half of the correspondence in the State Department at Washington is said to be relative to outrages on missionaries or some interest connected with missionaries. The cost to the government on the score of missionary causes is computed at about a million dollars a year. The most trouble has been in China and Corea, and next in Turkish Armenia, Most other governments have been cunning to use such opportunities for political gain in China by making them the pretext for demanding important concessions of territory or commercial advantage, The United States is the only Power which has always stood fast on mere money indemnity for violations of such treaty rights as are involved in missionary outrages. Upon the whole, our country is the most consistent, as it is surely an incongruity to teach Christian ethics on one hand or for the purpose of wresting by force something material from those taught,

—Joseph Gortner, aged 12 years, a pupil in the Washington school building, Williamsport, Thursday afternoon, shattered several fingers of his hand. While school was in session he amused himself by pounding a dynamite cap with a slate pencil. The cap exploded and injured his hand severely. The explosion caused consternation in the school.

—Governor Stone has reappointed Israel W. Durham, of Philadelphia, State Insurance Commissioner for a full term of three years. Mr. Durham's former appointment was to fill the unexpired term of Colonel James H. Lambert, of Governor Hasting's Cabinet, who resigned.

—The American millionaire continues to contribute liberally to American educational institutions. There are times when the American millionaire is a very useful institution.

—The Phil-harmonic club, of Lock Haven, will give their second annual concert and ball this Thursday evening, May 17th Music by full Germania orchestra.

LOVED ONES WHO HAVE GONE.

Grim Reaper Death Enters Many Centre County Homes.

MRS. MARY E. HOOVER IS DEAD.

Was One of Bellefonte's Oldest Inhabitants— Her Husband Who Died Many years Ago Was a Prominent Democratic Politician.

OTHERS WHO HAVE DIED RECENTLY

MRS. MARY E. HOOVER.

After a short illness from infirmities due to old age, Mrs. Mary E. Hoover, one of Bellefonte's oldest ladies, passed away Sunday evening at 8 o'clock at her home on North Spring Street.

Deceased was born in Nittany Valley, January 10th 1817 and was aged 83 years 3 months and 23 day at time of death. She was the daughter of John Jameson, one of those who emigrated to this country from Ireland in 1798, to escape the persecutions of that thrilling period.

Early in life she married John T. Hoover, a prominent democratic politician of the county, and ever afterward made her home in Bellefonte. Her husband was interested in coal and timber land owned by the Bellefonte & Snow Shoe railroad company and was a surveyor and engineer. He also served twelve years as prothonotary of Centre County.

Mrs Hoover, was a kindly, conscientious christian lady and a member of the Bellefonte Presbyterian church for many years, having become a communicant under the pastorate of Rev. James Linn D. D.

Three children survive to mourn the loss of a kind and loving mother, namely Orris L., of Philadelphia; Augustus M., of Bellefonte; and Bella J. at home. She also leaves one sister, Miss Nancy Jameson, of Milesburg. Two brothers who are dead were prominent ministers of the Methodist church.

The funeral took place from the house Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment in the Union cemetery. Services were conducted by Rev. William Laurie, D. D.

MRS. MARGARET J. STOVER.

Mrs. Margaret J. Stover, the only sister of our fellow townsman, W. Harrison Walker, died at the home of her husband G. M. Stover, in Porter township, Clinton County, Friday, from a complication of diseases and after an illness of four weeks. The deceased was well known in the lower end of this county where she had many friends.

Mrs Margaret J. Stover was born in Salona, October 28, 1861, and was the only daughter of Samuel E. Walker, of that place. She was married to G. M. Stover who survives her with six children; two boys and four girls. Her father and the following brothers also survive to mourn her loss, namely, George D., of Lock Haven; J. C, of Salona; Charles E., of Johnstown, and W. Harrison, of this place.

Mrs. Stover was an earnest christian lady and a member of St Paul's Lutheran church of Porter township. The funeral took place Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the church. Interment in the cemetery connected with the church. It was one of the largest funerals ever held in that vicinity, testifying the high regard in which deceased was held by her friends and neighbors. The services were conducted by Rev. W. M. Spangler, of Salona.

ANTHONY SHERRY.

Anthony Sherry, an old citizen of the Bald Eagle valley, died at his home along the Philipsburg pike about a mile from Bald Eagle Furnace at 4 o'clock Wednesday, May 9th, aged 81 years, 4 months and 27 days. He had been a sufferer from rheumatism for about three years, which finally affected the heart and resulted in death.

Deceased was born in Germany on the 11th of December, 1818, and came to America when quite young, first locating in Cambria County, and was married to Miss Anna Mary Heims at Loretto on the 8th of October, 1844, by the Rev. Father Gallaher. The family settled in the Bald Eagle Valley in 1866, and since that time have occupied what has now come to be known as the Sherry homestead.

Deceased is survived by his wife and the following named sons and daughters: Mrs Caroline McAvoy and anthony Sherry, Kane, Pa.; George Sherry Bellefonte; Mrs. George Schell, DuBois; Mrs. Jennie Williams, near East Tyrone; William and Agnes Sherry at the family home. One daughter and two sons preceded their father to the grave.

The funeral took place Friday morning from St. Matthews Catholic church, Tyrone. Interment at Oak Grove cemetery.

DR. R. G. FURST.

Dr. Robert Gardner Furst, of Lock Haven, who was well known in this place, died at his home in that city Friday evening of appendicitis. He was 28 years old and the son of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Furst, of Cedar Springs. He was a graduate of the State College and of Pennsylvania University. While at the former college he was a prominent member of the Phi Gamma Delta society. He was quite popular wherever known and was a most successful physician. His wife who was a daughter of Judge Baer, of Somerset County, survives him as do also his father and mother and several brothers and sisters. The funeral took place Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment at Cedar Hill.

Mail in South Africa.

Quite apart from the enormous routine work contingent upon the letters from and to 150,000 soldiers and sailors in South Africa, there has been an enormous increase in the ordinary work of the Capetown Post Office on account of the number of refugees from all parts of the Transvaal to that town.

The Capetown Post Office is a magnificent building, one of the finest in that or any other colony. It stands in Adderley street, and has a most imposing architectural front of white stone columns. It is excellently organized and has a most competent staff, who, however, have been sadly overworked for the last five months.

Some idea may be formed of the bulk of letters for Johannesburg alone from the fact that the officials had to sort the letters addressed to 5,000 Johannesburg private boxes and to redirect a very large number of them. For this purpose it was necessary to utilize ten redirection books, and if it had not been for the assistance of a speedily organized office called the Refugee Correspondence Office, it would have been impossible to cope with the weekly mails.

Her Gentle Retort.

Judge Taft, of Ohio, who will be associated with General Wright in the Philippine Commission, tells this story of how his wife once turned the tables on him when he attempted a bit of sarcasm at her expense:—

The Judge and Mrs. Taft attended church on Sunday morning, and after service Mrs Taft was the centre of a group of women who stood in the aisle and held a long and animated discussion on some topic of feminine interest as women will.

The Judge grew impatient at the delay, and was very grum on the way home.

At last he said: "Do you know you chattering women remind me of Balaam's ass blocking the way?"

"Oh no." replied Mrs. Taft, severely "You are mistaken. It was the angel that blocked the way of the ass!"—Memphis "Scimitar."

Tragedy the Answer.

A peculiar incident in connection with the death at Muncy Saturday of Thomas Waterhouse, who was run over by a freight train, developed Sunday,

While Waterhouse was standing in the depot at Muncy the telegraph operator told him that there had just came over the wire from Waterhouse's wife, at Wilkesbarre, a telegram asking if the report was true that he had died, and inquiring when the funeral would take place. When Waterhouse heard this he laughed and said: "Well, I'm the liveliest corpse she ever saw." A moment later he attempted to board a freight train, was thrown under the wheels and ground to pieces.

The Growth of a Century.

Leslie's Weekly.

Of the 5,000,000 inhabitants of the United States in 1800, less than a twelfth were west of what the Indians of the Atlantic coast in the days of Miles Standish and Captain John Smith called "The Endless Mountains." In 1900, notwithstanding the prodigious growth which has taken place in the Eastern States in the interval, not for from two-thirds of the population of the United States are on the sunset side of the mountain line.

—The Grand Encampment of the order of Odd Fellows opened its annual session in Harrisburg Monday. The appointments for the coming year have been announced by the Grand Patriarch and includes the name of John G. Dubbs of Bellefonte as District deputy grand patriarch for the County of Centre.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Interesting Happenings at Nation's Capitol Quaintly Told.

McKINLEY IS POSTED ON POLITICS.

Governor Roosevelt is One of the Most Popular Men in Public Life—Senator Spooner to Have the Honor of Nominating McKinley at Philadelphia.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE MUST STAND.

President McKinley hears a great deal of political talk just now from his callers, many of whom he surprises by his intimate knowledge of political conditions in their states. Col. W. T. Durbin, republican candidate for Governor of Indiana, who was one of his late callers, assured the President that the republican party of that state was in splendid condition and would carry the state by a handsome majority.

Governor Roosevelt's visit to Washington has demonstrated that he is one of the most popular men in public life. This was shown wherever he went, and his popularity is by no means confined to republicans. When he went to the Capitol he was greeted quite as cordially by democrats as by members of his own party.

Democrats are saying, on the quiet, many harsh things about Senators Butler and Pettigrew, who are charged with responsibility for the nomination of Towne for Vice President, by the Sioux City Populist Convention. Publicly they are afraid to express opinions about Towne's nomination.

Senator Spooner has, according to the understanding in Washington, secured the honor of presenting President McKinley's name to the Philadelphia Convention. He is well fitted to do justice to the subject and to the occasion. Among the prominent men who will make speeches seconding the nomination will be Gov. Roosevelt, of New York.

Representative O'Grady introduced a delegation from Rochester, N. Y., to President McKinley. They extended an invitation to the President to attend the banquet to be given in honor of Gen. Otis, June 15th, and he told them he would consider it a privilege to join in honoring Gen. Otis, whose work in the Philippines entitled him to the unstinted praise of the American people, but for the fact that he did not think any person should be present, who, by reason of superior rank, would share the honors intended for Gen. Otis alone.

Senator Lodge made a short speech while the Naval Appropriation bill was being discussed by the Senate, which is regarded as an official notice to Europe that this Government is prepared to fight to maintain the Monroe Doctrine, if necessary, which was supplemented by Senator Daniel, with a few remarks, showing that the maintenance of the Monroe Doctrine, is the one important question upon which there is no political division in the Senate. Incidentally Mr. Lodge served notice on Germany that no dickering for the possession of the Danish West Indies would be tolerated by this government.

It was not a jingo speech, but a plain statement of the situation. Said Mr. Lodge "My reason for desiring more ships and desiring them quickly is my belief that the safety of the U. S. depends upon the strength of our Navy. We do not need the Navy for the protection of our insular possessions, The danger lies in our great coast line and in the defense of the Monroe Doctrine in this hemisphere." Of the relation of a stronger Navy to the Isthmian Canal, Mr, Lodge said:" We are about to enter upon the construction of an Isthmian canal, and we must be the naval masters of the Carribean sea. We must have a more powerful fleet than we have today. The safety of the canal depends upon the strength of our navy. All admit that the canal ought to be built, and the time is near when the work will be begun. If we are to protect the canal as well as our own coast, we must have a navy proportionately strong. I hope and believe that we shall have no war, but a greet fleet is the best insurance of peace. However, we would be foolish, indeed, if we should close our eyes to the possibilities of the situation. We could never allow the Danish islands to pass into any other hands then ours. Any European nation which should undertake to take possession of those islands, right on the road to the Canal, and to make them a great naval station would by that very act become an enemy of ours. We could submit to no such thing as that." The speech made a sensation in diplomatic circles, and was cabled in full to all of the great European powers.

That shortage in the accounts of C. F. W. Neeley, who has been financial agent of the Cuban Postal System, has been greatly exaggerated. The full report of Col. Burton, of the Inspector General's Department of the army, who discovered the shortage, is in the hands of Secretary Root. It shows a shortage of $36,000 for the current year and implicates nobody but Neeley, who is under arrest and will be speedily tried and punished, if found guilty. That is the whole story, which has been magnified out of all proportion to its importance by the democratic press for the purpose of trying to make political capital. President McKinley has directed Gen. Wood to make a thorough investigation of all Cuban Financial accounts, and there will be no chance for any guilty man to escape exposure and punishment. Mr. A. L. Lawshe, Deputy Auditor for the Post Office Department has been ordered to Cuba to take the place of the Auditor of Cuban Postal accounts, who has been suspended during the investigation.

RECEPTION TO REV. SMYSER.

To be Held in the Lecture Room of Methodist Church This Evening.

This evening at 8 o'clock a reception will be tendered to Rev. M. L. Smyser, presiding Elder of the Altoona district, and his most estimable family, in the lecture room of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Three addresses of welcome will be delivered, one by former Governor Hastings on behalf of the church one by Burgess Blanchard on behalf of the town and one by Dr. H. C. Hollaway on behalf of the ministerial association of Bellefonte. An interesting vocal program will also be rendered. An earnest invitation is extended to all to be present to greet the reverend gentleman and his family who have honor Bellefonte by making it their home.

Shamokin Councilmanic Case on Trial at Sunbury.

In the Shamokin councilmanic conspiracy case now on trial at Sunbury, Robert V. Thompson, a councilman of that place gave sensational testimony. He with great particularity, cited numerous places, dates and various amounts of money, ranging from $10 to $75, received from Councilman William Zimmerman, William Reppard and O. J. Reed for his vote and official influence to further the interests of the Montello Brick company of Reading; Canton Brick company, of Canton; Clearfield brick company, of Clearfield, and Alcatraz Paving company of Philadelphia. Counsel for the defense offered numerous excepticns to the evidence of Thompson, claiming that nothing had been shown establishing the allegation that a combination existed between the brick and paving men. The exceptions were invariably overruled by Judge Johnson,

The State of Bishops as Well.

Ohio is not only the State of Presidents and office holders [illegible] Chicago Tribune. It seems to be the State of Methodist Bishops as well. At any rate the record show that out of twenty men who are a present Bishops, no less than seven, or more than one-third, were born in the State of President McKinley.

—The parents of Charles M. Robinson who was acquitted of the charge of the murder of John O'Neil at Huntingdon last week, went to Spruce Creek Monday and removed from his former home all the young man's furniture and household goods which they shipped to their own home at Mount Joy. Lancaster County, whither Robinson has gone to remain, at least for the present. Mrs. Robinson's whereabouts are not generally known though it is supposed she is not very far away from Spruce Creek.

—A cycler may be indefatigable without being tireless.

—Some people fish for compliments with bated breath.

The Free State capital has been moved again. If Steyn doesn't lookout he will soon be rivaling Aguinaldo.

No matter how small the garrison may be of American soldiers in the Philippines it is always equal to keeping the flag afloat.

"Don't swap horses while crossing a stream," is good advice that James Gorden Bennett cables from Paris. The New York Herald is out strong for President McKinley's re-election.

New Advertisements.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS FOR TAXES OF 1898 AND 1899.—Agreeable to the provisions of law relating to the sale of unseated tracts of land for the non-payment of taxes, notice is hereby given that there will be exposed at public sale or outcry the following tracts or parts of tracts of unseated land in Centre county, Pennsylvania, for taxes due and unpaid thereon, at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, on Monday, June 11th, 1900, at 1 o'clock p. m. and to continue, if necessary, by adjournment from day to day until all are sold.

Acres.	Per.	Warrantee.	Supposed Owner.	Taxes.
		BENNER TWP.		
120		Hale, J. M.	W. C. Heinle	$ 3 18
50		Harris, J. D.	E. J. Pruner	1 34
50		Lingle, J. J.	J. D. Shugart	3 33
50		Perdue John	W. B. Eckley	3 99
50		Smith Jno Jr.	Chas. Shuey	1 27
150		Unknown	Jno. Snavely	81
50		Coon Andrew	W. C. Heinle	1 34
		BOGGS TWP.		
433	163	Butler Marg't	Mary E. Sanders	20 94
397	145	Carskadden D.	W. G. Morrison	18 60
433	163	Godfrey Martha	W. C. Heinle	20 17
150		Lane Sarah	W. C. Heinle	6 99
433	155	Lewis David	W. C. Heinle	20 16
181		Lucas J. M. & Packer J. P. J.	Chatman	12 57
46		Unknown	Mrs. Melvina Watkins	2 15
		BURNSIDE TWP.		
⅛ of 433	163	Bell Alex	J. Z. Long	3 78
⅛ of 433	163	Beyer John	C. M. Bower	6 98
⅛ of 433	163	Beyer John	J. Z. Long	3 59
⅛ of 433	163	Bell Alex	Robt. Cooke	7 56
⅛ of 140	22	Cox Paul	J. H. Holt	3 39
⅛ of 140	22	Cox Paul	C. M. Bower	3 39
433	163	Greaves Alex	Beech Valley Coal & Iron Co	21 60
⅛ of 433	163	Hall Chas	J. M. Dale	13 96
⅛ of 433	163	Hall Chas	E. Graham	3 50
⅛ of 433	163	Hunter Alex	C. M. Bower	6 98
⅛ of 433	163	Hunter Alex	J. Z. Long	3 59
⅛ of 433	129	Hall Chas	" "	3 50
415		Levy Nathaniel	Smith, Glover & Duncan	20 14
400		"	J. Z. Long	9 70
146	75	Miller Wm.	G. W. Rombach	6 98
433	163	Morris Joseph	Beech Valley Coal & Iron Co	31 00
50		Nicholson Jno.	Geo. R. Boak	3 49
433	163	Scott Sam'l.	Orvis & Holt	10 19
415		Thomas Jas.	Smith, Glover & Duncan	20 14
⅛ of 123		Wheeler Henry	John Hoy	4 46
433	163	Wallace Jos. J.	David M. Torrey	54 02
411		Wharton Thos. P.	Fidelity Ins. T. S. & Dep	19 92
⅛ of 433	163	Young Sam'l	C. M. Bower	7 56
⅛ of 433	163	Young Sam'l	J. Z. Long	3 90
⅛ of 433	163	Young Benj	C. M. Bower	6 98
		CURTIN TWP.		
439	138	Atwood N. L.	David M. Torrey	54 02
309	19	Atwood N. L.	W. C. Heinle	19 00
415		Brooks Jesse	David M. Torrey	51 05
119		Carskadden D.	W. C. Heinle	14 64
200	120	Carskadden D.	" "	24 60
71	131	Curtin Roland	" "	4 42
208		De Haven Peter	Beech Valley Coal & Iron Co	25 58
311		Evans Cadwallader	" " " "	38 25
415		Elliott Wm	" " " "	51 05
415		Eddy Esther	Smith, Glover & Duncan	51 05
294	31	Godfrey Martha	W. C. Heinle	19 08
60		Hallowel Ed	Smith, Glover & Duncan	7 33
203		Irvin James	" " "	24 97
207 & ⅛		Lowns Caleb	Beech Valley Coal & Iron Co	25 56
207 & ⅛		Longstreth Isaac	" " "	25 56
400		Long J. Z.	Walter Zimmerman	49 20
400		Long J. Z.	David M. Torrey	49 20
70		Mason Jno. S.	Beech Valley Coal & Iron Co	3 61
200		Meyers Philip	Smith, Glover & Duncan	24 60
100		Meyers Simon	" " "	12 30
420	48	Meyers Michael	" " "	51 66
420		Meyers Valentine	" " "	51 66
110		Meyers Rodgers	" " "	13 53
146	75	Miller Jas	G. W. Rombach	17 96
158	93	Packer Job W	Wm. C. Heinle	19 44
304	4	Packer Job W	David M. Torrey	37 41
50		Packer J. W. & S. C.	Wm. C. Heinle	6 15
⅛ of 200		Tunis Richard	Geo. Furst	5 80
415		Waln Jacob	Smith, Glover & Duncan	51 05
4-5 of 160		Willis Jonathan	Jas. A. Beaver Trust	7 88
416		Willis Casper	Smith Glover & Duncan	51 08
160		Willis John (s 2nd)	Sam'l Jeans	19 65
		FERGUSON TWP.		
418		Levy Aaron	A. M. Brown	10 30
3		Morgan Jas. Jr.	Unknown	25
404	115	Moore Jas.	A. M. Brown	10 30
150		McWilliams Est. W. B.	McWilliams Est. W. B.	18 03
254		Turner Hannah	A. M. Brown	7 73
164		Turner Daniel	" "	7 10
40		Unknown	Sam'l McWilliams	1 55
9		Unknown	Emma Butcher	42
		GREGG TWP.		
130		Askin Roberts	Spangler & Reifsnyder	2 28
130		Duncan Dan'l	Edward Allison	2 28
70		Gregg Smith	" "	1 37

New Advertisements.

380		Hubby Bernard	Mary Frank	4 55
122	31	Hepburn Wm	" "	2 79
110		Mosby Jacob	Spangler & Reifsnyder	2 07
130		Mercer Jno.	" "	2 28
120		Reese Daniel	" "	2 28
52		Unknown	Andrew Ocker	1 17
		HAINES TWP.		
494	139	Brown R. F.	H. C. Hyatt	10 14
375		Brown John	" "	7 60
135		Cawley H. B.	Daniel Engel	1 37
140		Harrison Wm	Jno. Sheats	2 87
103		Lowry	W. C. Heinle	2 16
80		Mots Jno.	Daniel Engle	82
170	70	Stover & Wolf	L. E. Stover	2 69
125		Unknown	W. C. Heinle	2 60
75		Unknown	" "	1 54
150		Unknown	" "	3 07
125		Unknown	" "	2 60
		HALF MOON TWP.		
48		Beck Daniel	W. C. Heinle	1 41
21		Curtin Roland & Son	Jno. I. Thompson	3 10
54		Sharer Isaac	W. C. Heinle	1 60
117		Thompson Jno.	Jno. I. Thompson	11 37
44	11	Unknown	Ada Hutchinson	3 35
		HARRIS TWP.		
133		Fox Geo.	Spangler & Smith	3 13
200		Fisher Sam'l	M. G. Brown	2 35
400		Harrison Wm.	Mary M. Frank	9 40
196		Fisher J. C.	M. G. Brown	2 30
50		Irvin John	W. C. Heinle	1 19
400		Parker Richard	" "	2 40
407	92	Wharton Kearney	Wm. Colyer	9 58
		HOWARD TWP.		
104	63	Brady Jno.	W. C Heinle	4 20
104	63	Brady Jno.	" "	4 20
104	63	Brady Jno.	" "	4 20
217		Bonham Sarah	David M. Torrey	16 86
217		Bonham Sarah	" "	16 04
217		Bonham Sarah	W. C. Heinle	11 63
107	107	Brown Samuel	Mary M. Frank	5 78
415		Godfrey Martha	W. C. Heinle	22 22
25		Graysburg Jos	" "	1 35
92		Harris Jas. D.	M. F. Blanchard & J. L. Bright	13 38
130		Lingle J. J.	Sarah A. Totten	4 91
34	52	Sterrett Jas.	Montgomery Bros. & J. Z. Long	4 03
50		White & Nestlerode	W. C. Heinle	2 68
		HUSTON TWP.		
56		Kuhn	S. T. & M. D. Gray	1 57
102		——— Williams	W. C. Heinle	8 11
		LIBERTY TWP.		
20		Bruce Chas.	L. H. DeLong	1 05
80		Gorrell Wm	W. C. Heinle	4 29
166		Hays Robt. & Jas.	D. & J. Bechdel	5 72
175		Hays Geo. D.	Beech Valley Coal Co	9 20
250		Jackson Jno.	W. C. Heinle	7 00
150		Lytle Peter	P. R. Crider	7 88
33		Mahaffey Wm	L. J. DeLong	1 74
60		Nestlerode Christ	Geo. Hendricks	1 68
100		Roberts Jos.	L. J. DeLong	5 25
80		Smith Robt.	W. C. Heinle	4 20
175		Quigley Jas. A.	Beech Valley Coal Co	9 20
185		Jackson Jeremiah	Harry Keller	9 73
200		Krouse Dan'l	W. C. Heinle	10 50
		MARION TWP.		
50		Allison Wm	Franklin Weight	90
197		Harris A. D.	Mary M. Frank	4 08
53		McCalmont	W. C. Heinle	1 01
55	18	Shugert J. D.	" "	1 05
50		Unknown	Jacob Deits	98
200		Unknown	Isaac Frain	3 80
		MILES TWP.		
32-75 of 300		Boyd Thomas	Sarah J. Rhine	2 48
286		Black James	H. & J. R. Gast	19 50
75		Barton Wm.	J. H. Reifsnyder	1 49
149		Boyd Wm	Wm. Bletz	67
17		Boyd Williams	" "	67
12		Boyd Wm	" "	67
365		Cowden Jno	H. Gast	25 55
250		Cooper Wm	H. W. Orwig	4 91
427		Dewart Wm	H. Gast	31 20
125		Dorsey Jno.	Mary S. Zeigler	2 46
200		Deering Christopher	N. H. Gruber	11 70
156	60	Derr S. & J. Stahl	W. C. Heinle	5 85
100		Benson Peter	W. R. Goodman	95
194	43	Gratz S.	H. H. Gruber	13 65
400		Hepburn Jas.	H. & J. R. Gast	27 30
100		Haines Josiah	Nathan Haugh	1 17
330		Housel Peter	Daniel Miller	67
100		Hepburn Jas	Frank Haugh	50
400		Lake Richard	W. R. Goodman	11 40
300		Parker Wm	Mary S. Zeigler	5 85
27		Parker Wm	Philip Walker	48
419		Reese Jno.	H. & J. R. Gast	29 25
207		Seigfried Jacob	W. Zimmerman	5 70
277		Swineford Peter	N. Haugh & Wife	1 95
79		Seigfried Jacob	Laureldon Lumber Co	4 10
75		Toner Thos.	W. C. Heinle	1 49

New Advertisements.

100		Unknown	Harry Keller	1 95
44		Unknown	" "	84
125		Wharton Moore	Mary S. Zeigler	5 85
		PATTON TWP.		
30		Burton Robt.	Mrs. Sarah I. Christ	7 80
20		Diehl Adam	" " "	5 20
150		Diehl Nicholas Jr.	" " "	39 00
		PENN TWP.		
100		Cook Wm	W. C. Heinle	2 20
300		Montgomery Wm	" "	6 60
276		Montgomery Dan'l	" "	6 07
⅛ of 170		Swineford Peter	Geo. Robertson	56
		POTTER TWP.		
288		Bond Mary	Jas. Gorden Est	2 28
400		Brady Wm. P.	Mary M. Frank	10 60
400		Cogwell Daniel	W. C. Heinle	10 60
196		Fulmer H. B.	D. R. Kulp Est	2 65
60	100	Felmalee Moses	D. Kulp	33
400		Forbes Jas.	W. C. Heinle	10 60
200		Garrigus Wm	Jas. Gordon Est	1 59
200		Gordon Ed.	" "	1 59
70		Peck Jos.	Spangler & Reifsnyder	1 06
34	83	Rapp Jacob	Samuel Bruss	42
100		Sawyer Wm.	J. H. Reifsnyder	1 34
400		Smith Daniel	N. H. Gruber	8 08
18		Unknown	S. N. Leitzel	49
50		Unknown	T. F. Adams	41
		RUSH TWP.		
40	10	Atherton Richard	J. Pemberton Ellis	12 40
164	10	Allison Jas.	W. G. Morrison & Caroline	20 17
390	110	Arthur Ann	W. C. Heinle	23 98
52		Bannon Jos.	Cheney & Thompson	3 20
393	153	Chestnut Sam'l	Eve Sharer	12 18
200		Coopenhaver Jno.	C. T. Fryberger	12 30
400		Coopenhaver Jno	David M. Torrey	24 60
216	156	Grant Thos.	W. H Blair Atty	26 55
433		Gundaker Jno.	J. Pamberton Ellis	40 87
216	156	Hamilton Thos.	W. H. Blair Atty	26 58
433	153	Hamilton Thos.	W. H. Blair	3 88
⅛ of 433	163	Irvin Robert	Ed. M. Leifer Est	32 16
433	153	Jordon Owen	Eve Sharer	13 42
396		Jordon Benj.	" "	12 28
433	153	Lee John	Geo L. Gordon	26 63
50		Long A. B.	Wm. C. Heinle	3 07
⅛		Langdon Richard	W. E. Vail	62
418	153	Lawrence Casper	Eve Sharer	12 95
100		McCord J. R. & A. Campbell	McCord & Campbell	3 07
⅛ of 433	163	Morgan B. R.	Ed. M. Leifer Est	33 27
433	153	Musser Jno.	" " "	33 27
433	153	McCommond Jno.	David N. Torrey	33 27
¾ of 433	153	Peters Rich	Ed. M. Leifer Est	33 27
117		Philips Hardman	J. Pemberton Ellis	18 14
177	84	Philips Hardman	W. C. Heinle	15 75
430	9	Ramsey Jas., ⅓ paid	Mrs. J. B. Long & J. Miles	26 63
433	153	Spear Jno	Geo. L. Jordon	26 63
433		Slough Jacob	Eve Sharer	13 42
403	153	Mary Smith	C. M. Bower	26 63
403	153	Showers Sam'l	James Clark	12 49
433		Slough Geo.	J. Pemberton Ellis	40 27
433	153	Slough Geo.	Calvin Shearer	13 42
153	153	Toner Jas.	W. C Heinle	9 47
6		Unknown	S. R. Pringle & Eve Sharer	18
6		Unknown	" "	19
250		White & Parsons	W. C. Heinle	15 58
50		Witmer Henry	I. V. Gray	9 23
433	153	Welsh Jos.	J. M. Dale	51 97
75		Wilson Wm.	J. Steiner	46 13
		SPRING TWP.		
186	115	Pardue Jno. Est.	Jas. Gordon Est.	6 41
300		Robinson Catharine	" " "	10 35
300		Robinson Rebecca	" " "	5 19
150		Robinson Richard	" " "	2 40
92	102	Thornburg Thos.	Wm. B. Eckley	3 17
100		Unknown	J. Gordon Est	1 71
75		Unknown	W. C. Heinle	3 40
		SNOW SHOE TWP.		
412		Carskadden D.	W. C. Heinle	23 29
434		Dalton Hugh	Beech Valley Coal Co	30 64
434		Dalton Geo.	" " "	49 05
434		Dobson Jas.	" " "	30 64
434		Dobson Samuel	" " "	30 64
433		Eddy Geo.	" " "	30 57
4-5 of 433	163	Fisher Sam'l W.	Jas. Beaver Trust	44 07
4-5 of 433	163	Fisher Jas. C.	" " "	44 07
250		Hall Peter	Pat Ward Est	14 15
383		Hale Jas. T.	Beech Valley Coal Co	28 99
50		Hale Jas. T.	" " "	3 51
¾ of 400		Holt Edgar	J. H. Holt	3 63
¾ of 400		Holt Edgar	J. Z. Long	2 90
⅓ of 400		Holt Edgar	C. M. Bower	7 25
50		Hardishell B.	Pat Ward Est	3 62
433	153	Linn Sam'l	Beech Valley Coal & Iron Co	24 47
433		Morgan Benj	" " "	30 57
433		McMannus Jas.	" " "	24 47
433	153	Milliken M. F.	" " "	30 57
09		Mitchell N. J.	" " "	30 57

New Advertisements.

450		McLanahan Sarah	W. C. Heinle	6 53
433	153	Cunningham D. H.	" "	12 58
468	71	Nesbit Jno M.	" "	13 55
433	153	Parker Wm.	Beech Valley Coal & Iron Co	30 57
433	153	Tallman Benj. H	" " "	30 57
162		Tompkins Jas.	Hugh Ward	29 53
150		Tompkins Sam'l	Pat'k. Ward Est	8 48
433	163	Valentine A S.	Beech Valley Coal & Iron Co	24 51
433	153	Waln Rebecca	" " "	54 92
347	42	Waln Phoebe	Jas. A. Beaver Trust	44 07
433	153	Wharton Moore	Beech Valley Coal & Iron Co	54 92
433	153	Wharton Elizabeth	" " "	54 92
433	153	Wharton Kearney	W. C. Heinle	24 51
415		Waln Richard	" "	23 45
		TAYLOR TWP		
250		Alberts G. W.	Pittsburg Safe Deposit Co	15 50
76		Anshultz Geo.	W. C. Heinle	4 41
30		Beckwith Clem	S. R. Pringle & Eve Sharer	1 68
100		Berryhill Andrew	Pittsburg Safe Deposit Co	8 20
35		Beckwith Clem	S. R. Pringle & Eve Sharer	2 03
443		Crane Jane & Marg't	Pittsburg Safe Deposit Co	24 47
200		Campbell Robert	" " "	12 40
200		Carr Jas.	W. C. Heinle	12 40
300		Drake Jas	Pittsburg Safe Deposit Co	18 60
40		Downing Sam	" " "	2 48
40		Fox James	" " "	2 48
48		Fox James	W. C. Heinle	2 76
211		Hammond Nicholas	Pittsburg Safe Deposit Co	13 09
100		Hoover Jno.	" " "	8 20
25		Hoover Jno.	Sam'l McCammont	2 87
433	163	McCommon Thos	Geo. L. Gordon	24 98
424		McEwen Henry	W. C. Heinle	24 38
424		McEwen Polly	" "	24 38
148		Merryman Eliza	Pittsburg Safe Deposit Co	9 18
50		Mong Geo.	" " "	3 10
101		McEwen Thos.	W. C. Heinle	5 80
216	156	McEwen Polly	" "	12 48
25		Rite Geo.	Pittsburg S. D. Co	1 55
136	29	Ridgway Budd & Co. No. 12	Ridgway & Budd	12 64
40		Ridgway Budd C Co.	E. Frantz	6 99
96	142	Sherrick Jno.	Sam'l McCammont	11 05
64		Sherrick Jno.	Pittsburg Safe Deposit Co	5 96
128		Thomas Jno. W.	W. C. Heinle	7 38
100		Thomas Jno.	" "	5 75
119		Thomas Jno.	" "	6 82
100		Unknown	" "	5 75
14		Williams Joshua	Pittsburg Safe Deposit Co	86
92		Wallace Thos.	W. C. Heinle	15 83
433	133	Williams Joshua	" "	24 98
100		Bell J. C.	" "	5 75
100		Beck Jacob	E. J. Pruner	3 10
		UNION TWP.		
100		Blake Jane	W. C. Heinle	4 85
150		Brown William	F. W. Crider	7 29
40		Davis Boyer	Richard Downing	5 83
250		Deal Anna	W. C. Heinle	12 14
159	140	Mann Harvey	F. P. Blair	7 76
100		Phipps Samuel	W. C. Heinle	4 85
47		Unknown	Thos. Harrison	4 56
1000		Unknown	P. H. Crider & Son	24 25
383		Unknown	F. W. Crider	18 57
433	163	Wister Wm	F. P. Blair	21 03
		WALKER TWP.		
143	11	Acker Wm.	W. C. Heinle	3 93
115	113	Daugherty Marg't.	Cyrus Gordon	3 17
179	110	Daugherty Ellis	" "	4 94
211	98	Gilbert Wm	W. C. Heinle	5 82
33	47	Hahn Ebenezer	" "	62
219	39	James Marg't.	Cyrus Gordon	6 04
215	155	James Edward	" "	5 92
161		Knox John	James Gordon	8 80
200		Osman Capt.	W. C. Heinle	5 50
182		Purdon Richard	Jas. Gordon Est	5 02
50		Piles Benj.	J. S. McCormick	71
100		Purdon Jno.	Cyrus Gordon	3 75
50		Piles Benj.	Mary S. Zeigler	1 39
200		Parker Richard	W. C. Heinle	5 50
88	54	Robinson Richard	E. W. Hale Est	2 50
175		Robinson Richard	Jas. Gordon	4 82
242	88	Sutler James	Wm. Love	8 94
192		Warden Jeremiah	B. F. Shaffer	2 81
12		Wilson Robert	Zimmerman & Robinson	1 39
		WORTH TWP.		
250		Gray Jos.	W. C. Heinle	13 89
300		Hawthorne Thos.	John I. Thompson	9 99
345		Kuhn John	" "	57 45
260		Lawman Geo.	" "	28 86
330		Mayland Jasper	" "	10 99
174		Miles Samuel	" "	28 96
86		Ross Jno	" "	14 33
79		Swanswick Jno.	" "	8 75
6		Singer Jno	" "	1 55
88		Shippen Wm. Jr.	" "	9 77
5		Unknown	S. R. Pringle	1 13
¼		Unknown	" "	45
¼		Unknown	" "	45
100		Unknown	W. Laird	6 95
100		Unknown	W. C. Heinle	1 59

H. & L.		Paul Musser		10 34
⅛ lot		Piles Est.		2 59
Lot		Geo. Pikak		54
¼ acre		Timothy Harding		4 04
Lot		Mrs. Lewis Nashwinter		9 66
Lot		Wm. Beatty		76
Lot		James Beatty		3 52
Lot		Jennie Fanst		32
9 acres		Daniel Hunter		5 95
Lot		King Powder Co.		5 18
1 acre		Henry Leister		37
2 acres		W. F. Noble		3 11
306 acres		Isaac Crawford		7 73
Lot		C. H. Shunkwiler		3 63
10 acres		James Duncan		2 97
H & L		D. D. Davis		4 26
Lot		Abraham Frank		5 75
6 acres		Mrs. Ellen Nelson		2 58
1 acre		E. J. Richard		5 13
		SNOW SHOE TWP.		
50 acres		Wm. Resides Est.		1 01
2 lots		Harry Williams		1 01
1 acre		William Moore		95
		SPRING TWP.		
⅛ acre		S. M. Buck		1 68
⅛ acre		S. M. Buck		1 05
2 acres		Buck & Brockerhoff		1 68
⅛ acre		Andrew Brockerhoff		2 09
50 acres		Constans Curtin Est.		1 40
50 acres		Constans Curtin Est.		1 40
50 acres		S. M. Hall		2 11
⅛ acre		J. G. Love		1 75
		TAYLOR TWP.		
160 acres		Geo. Woods		12 27
140 acres		Wm. Thomas		35 02
100 acres		J. A. Hunter		6 72
15 acres		Wesley Lego		2 35
		UNION TWP.		
5 acres		E. H. Carr Est.		3 02
50 acres		Irvin Bennett		2 02
110 acres		U. T. Shirk		14 11
150 acres		Irvin Swisher		4 03
50 acres		Andrew Spicer		2 02
		WALKER TWP.		
Lot		Mrs. Rebecca Kettley		1 25
Lot		David Ketiley Heirs		67
16 acres		Misses E. & J. Lillie Apt		1 24
		WORTH TWP.		
20 acres		McLarney Est.		1 24

NOTE.

In accordance with the Act of June 6th, 1837, interest will be added to the amount of all taxes assessed against unseated lands above advertised.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

All persons corresponding with the Treasurer in reference to land advertised for sale in the above list should remit sufficient to pay postage, stationary and advertising.

The advertising is $1.00 on each tract.

W. T. SPEER,
County Treasurer.

45-15

THE BEST DISINFECTANT

The very best disinfectant and deodorizer known is copperas. A double handful dissolved in a bucket of water and used to wash drain pipes and receptacles of waste material will keep such places above suspicion. The water in pitchers and flower holders should be changed every day. On attention to such seemingly trivial details may hang a human life.

—The people who ride chainless wheels should look out for chainless dogs.

A Fast Bicycle Rider

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures chafing, chapped hands, sore lips, burns, ulcers and piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by F. Potts Green, druggist.

—One half of the women don't know how the other half live but they are trying mighty hard to find out.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The fact that the two Populist conventions were assembling perhaps accounts for the recent wind storms and tornadoes out west.

—The most popular book in the world is the pocketbook.

—It is not the most extravagant women who dress the best.

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation" were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful stomach, liver and kidney remedy. Cures dyspepsia, loss of appetite. Try it. Only 50c. Guaranteed. For sale by F. Potts Green, druggist.

—Some men are short sighted who don't wear glasses.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Short Buy, Quick Burn.

Some two weeks ago Esq., Reifsnyder, of Millheim, sold a 300 acre timber tract to H. B. Herring, of Penn Hall who next day sent out a man to clean up a spot for erecting a shanty thereon. A little fire that had been kindled accidentally furnished a spark to combustible material a few rods away and soon there was a blaze that spread over Herring's newly purchased tract.

—There is but one way to Heaven whether you are "in society" or out of it.

WESTFIELD, MASS., Nov. 27 1899.

The Genessee Pure Food Co.,
Le Roy, N. Y.:

Gentlemen—Having used your Grain-O for the past three months I thought I would write and let you know how much good it has done me. When I was away on my vacation last summer the people I visited asked me to try some Grain-O, and I drank some, but didn't like it at all, but the more I drank it the better I liked it, and now I would't drink anything else. I never weighed over 105 pounds and last winter I was down to 103 pounds, and now I weigh just 120, and I never felt better in my life. It gives me an awful appetite, and makes me strong. It is doing me more good than anything I ever took, and I would recommend it to everybody. Yours truly,

MRS. GEO. R. BROWN.

Europe affords the best market for American farm products and manufactures buying from us almost to the extent of a billion dollars a year. Why not keep on terms of friendships with our best customers?

To Mothers in This Town.

Children who are delicate, feverish and cross will get immediate relief from Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver, making a sickly child strong and healthy. A certain cure for worms. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. m17-4t.

Foster's Weather Forecast.

My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm wave to cross the continent about May 10 to 14 and the next will reach the Pacific coast about 14, cross the west of Rockies country by close of 15, great central valleys 16 to 18, eastern states 19.

Warm wave will cross the west of Rockies country about May 14, great central valleys 16, eastern states 18. Cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about 17, great central valleys 19, eastern states 21.

Temperture of the week ending 8 a. m. May 21 will average about normal in the great central valleys, about in the eastern states, about on the Pacific slope.

About the date of this bulletin a warm wave will be crossing the Rockies and a few days later will spread over all the country east. This will be followed not far from 14 by a low temperature wave that will go near the frost line in northern states. These extremes of temperature will affect the whole continent from near 9 to 14.

Jell-O, The New Dessert.

Pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers 10 cts. Try it to-day.

The Proper Caper.

This town of Bellefonte is up to date in every respect *but one*, and no doubt that one will be corrected. This is a move on foot to have the stores closed through the months of July and August at 6 o'clock in the evening to give the help employed a chance to enjoy some of the cool evenings instead of being penned up in a close store. Every town of any importance closes at 6 o'clock, and Bellefonte should not be in the back-ground on this score.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Use Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot Sweating Feet. At all druggists and shoe stores. 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. m17-4t

While we are exporting half a million dollars worth of provisions every day of the month the foreign market must be of some benefit to farmers.

Words of Wisdom.

There is no good in praying for any thing unless you will also try for it.

Four things come not back—the spoken words, the sped arrow, the past life, the neglected opportunity.

There is a transcendent power in example. We reform others unconsciously when we walk uprightly.

Large views, high hopes and unselfish aims dissipate a whole army of petty trials, annoyances and irritations, and even greatly reduce real anxieties and solicitude.

It is easy in the world to live after the world's opinion, and in solitude to live after one's own; but the truly great man is he who, in the midst of the crowd keeps with perfect sweetness the independence of solitude.

By doing each duty fully as it comes we qualify for more light and greater aptitude for succeeding duties. Faithfulness day by day in small things will make us keen to recognize the divine voice with reference to greater things.

True independence never merges into isolation but gladly welcomes every aid from every source—not in servile and indolent subjection, but as the growing plant welcomes the warm sun and the refreshing rain by which it is to gain strength and beauty and fruitfulness.

Man is no better than a leaf driven by the winds until he has conquered his lonely duties. This makes a man—the habit of confronting great things in solitude, and chiefly the habit of talking with God alone, and of filling the soul with His strength.

Be cheerful; do not brood over fond hopes unrealized until a chain, link after link, is fastened on each thought and wound around the heart. Nature intended you to be cheerful and not the traveling monument of despair and melancholy.

Thousands Sail for Cape Nome.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGHWAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO

Of Interest To Women.

This is the time of year when women should look their best. Warmth is so much more comfortable than cold, except to the very stout, and moreover, one can wear all sorts of light, pretty materials and delicate colors. Pointed bodices, buttoning or lacing behind, are returning to favor, and in these new bodices the points are longer than in the old. This style is particularly suited to those who are short waisted and large hipped. Those who love a touch of scarlet will be glad to hear that just now all shades of red are more fashionable than ever. Though this is to be pre-eminently a muslin season, our old and tried friend zephyr is much valued. It washes so well, and looks so fresh, that a girl cannot go far wrong in investing.

Trust those who have tried.

I suffered from catarrh of the worst kind and never hoped for cure, but Ely's Cream Balm seems to do even that.—Oscar Ostrom, 45 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill.

I suffered from catarrh: it got so bad I could not work; I used Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well.—A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut Ave., Boston, Mass.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cts. or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

A Dude Changes Suits.

The dude is known by changing his suits several times a day. A secretary in the British Embassy at Washington, does not consider it good form to wear less than six different suits of clothes in a day.

He does not wear any jewelry in the morning. At dinner dances he appears at the table in a Tuxedo jacket, and before the dancing begins retires and with the assistance of his man, changes to the regulation full-dress, spike-tailed coat.

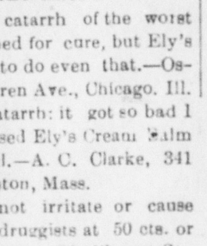
These dudes who change suits daily are found in many places.

—Williamsport has been selected as the next place of meeting for the Pennsylvania Odd Fellows Association.

LOCAL and CLIMATIC

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure.

CATARRH



CATARRH
The Specific is
Elys Cream Balm

It is quickly Absorbed. Gives relief at once. Opens and cleanses the Nasal passages. Allays inflammation. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No injurious drug. Regular size 50 cents; Family size $1.00 at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St. New York

COLD IN HEAD

A PHILADELPHIA SENSATION.

Ex-Postmaster General Wanamaker Charges a City Official with Attempted Blackmail.

Philadelphia, May 12.—Hon. John Wanamaker gave out for publication last night a letter and statement in which he makes the sensational charge that Director of Public Safety Abraham L. English, in an attempt to silence the attacks of the North American upon the administration of Mayor Ashbridge, threatened to retaliate by publishing affidavits directed against the personal character of Mr. Wanamaker. Mr. Wanamaker says:

"Under ordinary circumstances there possibly could be no excuse made for the intrusion of such a private matter on the public attention, but when a powerful city official, the chief councillor of the mayor, controlling the police force of a municipality, threatens a citizen with a deliberately concocted and scandalous attack on his character unless he silences the criticisms of a newspaper upon the acts of public officials the occurrence is more than a private grievance. No more insidious and terrorizing form of blackmail could be devised."

Mr. Wanamaker then gives an account of a call on him by Director English, accompanied by Commissioner of City Property Peary. The director, according to Mr. Wanamaker, demanded that he (Wanamaker) should put a stop to the North American's attacks on the city administration. Mr. Wanamaker informed Mr. English that the paper is the property of his son, Thomas B. Wanamaker, and is controlled and managed by him alone, that he would not interfere in any way with whatever his son intended to do with his paper, and furthermore he would not permit the director of public safety or the mayor himself to dictate to him on a question like this. Mr. English retorted:

"Very well. Then I want to give you notice that for eight months we have been looking up your personal record from the time you were postmaster general. We have followed you throughout Washington, Philadelphia, New York and even in Europe, and we have fortified ourselves with affidavits against you, and since you have been attacking other people we will now take a turn on you."

The interview ended by Wanamaker ordering English from his office.

Strike Rioters Held For Trial.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 12.—Four of the alleged ringleaders of the miners' riot at Buttonwood mine on Wednesday were arrested yesterday. They gave their names as Louis Newtatious, William Rovinski, Mathias Wukiskie and Michael Harkell. Magistrate Chase held the defendants in $1,000 bail for trial at court. The strikers gathered in large numbers in the vicinity of the mine yesterday, but made no demonstration. The colliery was in operation all day.

Deadlock in Lackawanna Strike.

Buffalo, May 12.—Master Car Builder Canfield, of the Lackawanna, declined yesterday to treat with Chairman Fish, of the car repairers' executive committee, for the settlement of the questions between the company and its men. He said he would deal only with a committee representing employes. This brought the situation to another deadlock. The day has been without developments in the strike of the freight handlers.

Fortune For a University.

Lexington, Va., May 12.—Washington and Lee university has come into possession of $100,000 for the law department by the death of Mrs. Juliet S. Bradford, widow of the late Vincent L. Bradford, of Philadelphia, in addition to Dr. Bradford's collection of paintings and his law library of 1,00 volumes. Mrs. Bradford also made liberal provisions for the university out of her own estate.

Troops to Prevent a Lynching.

Richmond, Va., May 12.—Wednesday in Henry county, a negro named Charles Mauston attempted criminal assault upon a young white woman and Thursday he was arrested and lodged in jail at Martinsville. Last night Governor Tyler received a call for troops from the sheriff of the county, who stated that there were threats of lynching. The Piedmont Rifles have been ordered to guard the prisoner.

JEFFRIES THE WINNER.

Californian Clinches His Title of Champion Pugilist.

CORBETT MADE A GAME FIGHT.

He Showed Conclusively That He Is Still in the Front Rank of Aspirants For Pugilistic Honors—Knocked Out in Twenty-three Rounds.

Coney Island, May 12.—Jim Jeffries is still the heavyweight champion pugilist of the world. He defeated Jim Corbett last night in the twenty-third round of their fight with a decisive knockout. The finishing blow came as a sudden and startling surprise. Corbett had been making a wonderful battle. His defense was absolutely perfect, and while he was lacking in strength he had more than held his own, and stood an excellent chance of winning the fight had it gone the limit. He had not been badly punished and had managed to mark his man severely.

Jeffries showed ability to take a punching, go any distance and punch hard. He was clearly outboxed, and at times made to look like a novice. The crowd, which numbered fully 8,000, was with Corbett, and his defeat fell upon a silent crowd. There were cheers for him when he revived and left the ring, and he was generally showed more consideration than the victor.

Corbett is still a factor in the pugilistic game. He has regained much of his old time form. The battle was clean, and it is doubtful if there was a single infraction of the rules. The crowd was most orderly.

It was the fastest, prettiest and closest heavyweight ring battle ever fought in New York. It was a clean knockout that came so quickly that it dazed the thousands of keen, alert, intent spectators and left them in doubt as to just how the winning blow was delivered. It was avowed that it was a lefthand jolt to the jaw, but Jeffries himself and Referee Charley White, who stood at his side, say it was a righthand swing.

There is credit for the victor and credit for the vanquished in this cleverest of ring battles. Jeffries must be awarded the laurels of victory, yet his opponent is entitled to all honor for his most wonderful fight. That feature of the contest stands out in relief as the most striking one of the battle.

Corbett emerged from a year's retirement from the ring rejuvenated and fresh. He was fast and clever as back in the days when people marveled at his skill. His footwork was wonderful and his defense perfect. He outboxed his man at both long and short range, and if he had the strength necessary would have gained an early victory. A hundred times he ducked under left swings that would have ended him just as did the punch that knocked him out. At times he made the massive Jeffries look like a beginner in the art of offense and defense with the hands.

Corbett's strategy was to jab and get away, and when Jeff stood over his quivering form his face showed the marks of the punishment that he had inflicted. Corbett went down to defeat that was regretted by a vast majority of the men who filled the hall. The money was against him, but he had a wealth of sympathy. It was probably his natural heritage as the short ender, but after the battle had begun he won more support by his display of speed and skill.

Jeffries won with his strength, both that strength that lies in the power of massive muscle and that strength which is the essence of vitality. He made the pace for most of the distance, and at the end was still strong and effective. At first glance the battle may seem to detract a trifle from his reputation, for it showed that a fast man could reach him and get away without a return. If that fighter of the future happens to be strong and rugged, in addition to fast, he will take the honors of the man who last night left the ring exultant in victory.

It is improbable that there was ever a more orderly affair under the Horton law. There was order in the assembling and handling of the great crowd, and order in the contest. The small army of police present was taskless and the contestants themselves neither wrangled or quarreled throughou the evening.

"What is the use of talking now," said Corbett, when seen in his dressing room afteh the battle. "I lost, and although I don't know how it happened I guess it was all right. I fought my best and felt good until the punch came that ended my aspirations for the time being, but I think that I have proved myself not altogether a dead one. If my friends were satisfied with my showing I have no kick to make, but would like to have another chance if Mr. Jeffries will accord me the privilege, which I think nearly every one who saw the fight will say is due me. I am still in the game and will stick there until I reach the pinnacle of my ambition or am whipped conclusively."

Lipton May Not Challenge Next Year

London, May 12.—A deputation of the promotors of the Glasgow exhibition waited yesterday upon Sir Thomas Lipton and asked him not to race in American waters next year, the year of the exhibition, on the ground that if he did so it would have the effect of keeping from the Glasgow international races some of the best known American yachts and yachtsmen. Sir Thomas replied that he was unable to say definately whether he would challenge for the America's cup in 1901 or 1902, but he said that in any event he would participate in the Clyde races.

A Record Day in Pensions.

Washington, May 12.—The house yesterday broke all records by passing 180 private pension bills. Among them was the senate bill to pension the widow of the late Gen. Guy V. Henry, the house reducing the amount from $100 to $50 per month. The house adjourned over until Monday.

Rural Joys.

When th' grass is gittin' greener
An' th' peach trees air in bloom;
When y'd ruther set out evenin's
'N' be stuff'ed up in a room,
When th' wind is sighin' happy
'N' the burds have gone t' rest—
Then 's the time o' year I figger
That I sumhow like th' best.

When yer plowin' in th' medder
Wher' th' soil is rich an' black;
When y' set down in the furrow
An' sight back erlong th' track;
When y' stop an' kind o' lissen
Fer th' blam ole dinner horn,
When th' thieven' crows air loafin'
Till they see y' plant th' corn:

When th' butter churns up yeller
An' th' aigs air hatchin' out;
When y' hear th' bees a-dronin'
Es they kind o' loaf erbout;
When yer heart's in tune with nature'
An' yer life's a happy rhyme;
Then I'd ruther be a-livin'
'N' at enny uther time!

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Captured Four Cubs.

Joseph Lundy, a butcher of Slabtown, near Williamsport, was driving up Hoagland's branch Thursday, when he saw a bear with four cubs step out of the bushes. The mother bear swam the creek, but the cubs, not liking the water, climbed a tree instead. Mr. Lundy called a boy to watch, while he went after a farmer named Warburton. The two men felled the tree and threw the cubs in Mr. Lundy's wagon. Both men were considerably scratched by the cubs. The mother bear sat on the opposite side of the creek making a peculiar noise, but made no move to prevent the capture of her young.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

—Bellefonte is not to get the district firemen's convention for Centennial week. It was so decided at a joint meeting of the Philipsburg firemen held Friday evening. Philipsburg claims that they have gone so far in making arrangements for the event that it would not be advantageous to change it now.

Bugs
Slugs
Worms
Caterpillers

On Roses, Currant and Gooseberry bushes, Potatoes, Cabbage, Melons, Cucumbers, Beans, Parsnips, Radishes, Strawberries, &c., &c., can be quickly and cheaply destroyed by using "SLUG SHOT."

Price, in 5lb. packages, 25c. at

Green's Pharmacy,

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD. Time table in effect July. 15, 1899

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 20	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 55	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 26	8 26	...East Tyrone..	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28	3 28	8 28	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 30	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5
7 41	3 40	8 42	...Vanscoyoc...	8 38	11 02	5
7 45	3 44	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5
7 54	3 53	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5
8 00	3 59	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5
8 05	4 03	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 22
8 06	4 05	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 06	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 12	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 16	9 29	.... Boynton.....	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 20	9 32	.... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 23	9 40	...Phillipsburg ..	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 29	9 45	.....Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	4 34	9 50	.... Blue Ball.....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	4 40	9 56	....Wallaceton....	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	4 45	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	4 50	10 08	....Woodland.....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	4 54	10 11	Mineral Sprl'gs	7 25	9 42	4 25
9 00	4 58	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 39	4 20
9 05	5 03	10 22	.....Leonard.....	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 07	10 26	....Clearfield	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 12	10 32	....Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 18	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	5 37	10 44	..Curwensville ..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	5 43	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	5 51	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	5 57	11 04	....Grampian	49		3 21
P M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after July 10, 1899.

Westward. 55	53	51		50	Eastward. 52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven..	10 30	2 43	9 30
3 49		8 59	... Flemington ...	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek..	10 11	2 26	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	.....Eagleville....	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	..... Howard.....	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	2 08	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 55	8 42
4 44	1 05	9 53	.....Bellefonte.....	9 28	1 42	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	.....Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 23	10 11	....Unionville.....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian.....	8 58	1 14	8 23
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	1 06	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	...Port Matilda..	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah.....	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	.....Fowler.....	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	.....Dix.....	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	....Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	.....Vail	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES Schedule in effect Nov ,20, 1899.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Le ve Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m. at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6 00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m. at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m. arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philidelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m. arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m. at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Ha ven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m. at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m. arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m arrive at Lock Haven 9 30 p m. leave Williamsport 1.55 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2,15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. L. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD In effect July 10, 1899.

Westward. p m	a m		Eastward a m	p m
1 58	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 50
1 15	6 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 55
2 05	6 55	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 15	7 07	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 13	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 28	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 50	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 55	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 [illegible]	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
2 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 30	9 10	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.	p m	p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 40	3 15
10 50	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15	4 56
10 01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18	5 05
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32	5 20

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD— On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accom.	Exp.		EASTWARD.	Mail.	Exp.	Bellf Ac
1*	*3			*2	*4	6*
a.m	p m	a m	Lv Ar	a m	p m	p m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 40
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 30
f6 38	f4 28	f10 42	Morris	f8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 37	f2 17	f6 23
f6 46	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02	Kriarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 09	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdor	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 13

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

f stops on flag. *Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS. Sup.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA. Condensed Time Table.

Read Down. No. 1	No. 5	No. 3		No. 6	Read Up No. 4	No. 2
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar.	p.m	a.m.	p.m
*7 10	*6 30	*2 40	Bellefonte	9 02	9 40	5 10
7 22	6 41	2 52	Nigh	8 49	9 27	4 57
7 28	6 48	2 58	Zion	8 43	9 21	4 51
7 33	6 53	3 03	Heela Park	8 38	9 16	4 46
7 35	6 55	3 05	Dunkles	8 36	9 14	4 44
7 39	6 59	3 09	Hublersburg	8 32	9 10	4 40
7 43	7 03	3 13	Snydertown	8 28	9 06	4 36
7 46	7 05	3 16	Nittany	8 25	9 03	4 33
7 48	7 09	3 18	Huston	8 22	9 00	4 30
7 51	7 12	3 21	Lamar	8 19	8 57	4 27
7 53	7 15	3 23	Clintondale	8 16	8 54	4 24
7 57	7 19	3 27	Krider's S'n'g	8 12	8 49	4 19
8 02	7 24	3 32	Mackeyville	8 06	8 43	4 12
8 08	7 30	3 38	Cedar Springs	7 59	8 37	4 07
8 10	7 32	3 40	Salona	7 57	8 35	4 05
8 15	7 37	3 45	Mill Hall	*7 52	*8 30	*4 00
			(BEECH CREEK R. R.)			
11 45			Jersey Shore		7 55	3 25
12 20	8 15		Arr WM'PORT Lve		7 25	*2 50
12 34	8 45		Lve WM'PORT Arr		*6 55	2 30
	11 30		(PHILA AND READING RY)			
			PHILA		11 36	*8 30
10 40	7 09		NEW YORK		29 00	*4 30
	29 30		(Via Phila)			
p.m			Ar. Lv.		p.m.	a.m.

*Daily. * Week Days, $ 6 00 p. m Sunday: 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 11 36 p. m.

J. W GEHART, General Superintendent.

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Specifics cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

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7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.....	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough.....	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.....	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever.....	.25

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NEW YORK TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

ALL THE NEWS
Three Times a Week.

The first number of the THE TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE was published November 20th, 1899.

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

BY WILBUR F. HARRIS.

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W. C. ARNOLD, of Clearfield.
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FRANK H. BUHL, of Delaware.
A. B. ROBERTS, of Montgomery.

EDITORIAL.

THE Senate shows no haste in taking up the resolution for the selection of its members by popular vote.

A DOZEN tornadoes are reported from Kansas. They must have mistaken the date and gotten ahead of the Democratic convention.

THE fashion of weddings by wire is coming in. Divorce is so easy under such circumstances. It is only necessary to get a lawyer to cut the wire.

IT has been discovered that some sorts of ice contain 5,783,324 microbes to the square inch. We suppose now there is nothing left to do except to boil the ice.

ALL the Republican State platforms yet made point to the prosperity of the country with more or less manifestations of pride. The Democratic platforms studiously avoid this subject.

IT may be worthy of mention that Cleveland didn't get angry all through his three presidential campaigns, but that when somebody accused him of intending to vote for Bryan he raised the roof.

AN increase of 7,000,000 tons in the production of coal last year, over 1898, is striking proof of that activity at the furnaces and in the mills which is always a part of the Republican policy of protection.

THERE were 425,352,187 pounds of bacon exported in 1896 and 562,651,480 pounds in 1899. This was an increase of 137,000,000 pounds in the exports of this one farm product under the Republican policy of protection.

EVEN should it appear that Goebel was killed in pursuance of a political conspiracy, it would not alter the fact that he was doing an illegal act at the time and was as much a robber as any burglar who enters a house by night.

SO FAR from being a dull, spiritless meeting, it now seems that the Philadelphia convention will be one of the most enthusiastic and spirited in the history of the Republican party. In point of orators alone it will be worth going miles to participate in.

THE Boer delegates coming to this country have too much intelligence to suppose that President McKinley will take any action in their behalf. Their object can only be to aid the Democrats to make campaign material for this fall, or else to create sympathy when the inevitable end shall come.

THE TIME TO BE A REPUBLICAN.

Within the next dozen weeks the spellbinders of our great political parties will invade the land and auditoriums, town halls and country school houses the country over, will resound with the oratory of those who have been delegated to present the issues of our national quadrennial political campaign to the electors of the United States, and with their best and most convincing efforts strive to mould public sentiment in the interest of the candidates and party whose cause they champion, whose doctrines and principles they uphold and defend. It will be a canvass of commendation vs. condemnation, ratification vs. repudiation, "we point with pride" from one side, and "we view with alarm" from the other.

There will be no demand for a campaign of education this year. There is no necessity for it. For the four years previous to the beginning of the present administration the people of the United States were mercilessly disciplined in the school of adversity, under incompetent and bungling instructors, and for the past three years of the present national regime they have acquired a knowledge in the school of prosperity under the guidance of able and experienced preceptors which has equipped them with the capacity for individual penetration and judgment beyond the influence and persuasion of a flood-tide of campaign literature.

What is there in the present condition of national affairs which would induce the reasonable business man, farmer or laborer to abandon or renounce the Republican party for anything in the character of reform or improvement represented by Mr. Bryan or the party he stands for, in the light of past events with which all are familiar? What conditions exist now which warrant the thoughtful man in attaching himself to the Democratic cause, when he could not satisfy his mind to do so in 1896? If, in the midst of misfortunes and hard times of four years ago, which Mr. Bryan and his co-agitators pictured so graphically and with such subtle reasoning, the conservative business man and the fair-minded farmer and laborer could afford to remain a Republican or to vote the Republican ticket in the face of Democracy's calamitous predictions, what direful misfortune, what deplorable affliction has fallen upon as a people and as a nation which renders it impossible for that business man, that farmer or that laborer to remain loyal to that party and its candidates?

Notwithstanding the distressing conditions in some parts of the country the American people in 1896 were true to themselves and considerate of their interests, and Bryanism was repudiated and the Democracy he represented crushingly rebuked. The people suffering under the demoralizing consequences of Democratic theoretical policies voted for the restoration of Republican rule and the beneficial effect was noticeable almost from the start. From that time the country has advanced and progressed morally, intellectually and materially. Our integrity before the world was preserved; our appreciation of the sacredness of obligations, national and private, was commended; our determination to maintain the dignity of the law and our courts of justice raised us in the estimation of men and nations. With the era of disaster and unrest placed behind us we, the people, were free to take up with confidence and courage the work, which a future full of promise and assurance of happy days to come, offered to each and all of us.

With the re-establishment of a Republican policy for the administration of the national government better times dispelled the dark and impenetrable clouds that hovered over our country for four long and melancholy years. There was a revival in industry on every hand. The idle—that vast army of the unemployed—found work. Mills and factories were reopened. Wages raised. The demand for manufactured products increased. New enterprises were projected and established, and throughout all the country there began an era of peace and plenty such as has not been recorded since the time Cleveland was first elected in 1892.

It is not necessary to look beyond the limits of our own county for evidence of the restoration of industrial prosperity. The renewed operation of long defunct industries, the establishment of new and extensive enterprises in our midst, all this and more, is incontrovertible testimony of what the McKinley administration has done for the people of Centre County.

The Democratic campaign orator may charge McKinley and the Republican party with prosecuting a war for the realization of imperialistic ambitions. He may rail against each and every policy of the present administration and he may accuse the party in power—though he will be without proof to substantiate his imputation—with being the breeder and sustainer of trusts, but he *cannot* deny the existence of a reign of prosperity throughout the land that has never been excelled in the history of the country, and he will be compelled to admit it due to the instrumentality and effect of the application of Republican principles and doctrines in the administration of the Nation's affairs.

The voter should compare the present with four years ago. In that comparison he will find convincing argument in favor of the Republican party as a safe and trustworthy custodian of our country's future and a sagacious and successful promoter of its great and varied interests at home and abroad.

Just So.

North American.

John Hamilton's chief qualification for appointment as Secretary of Agriculture under the machine State administration was his readiness to take the field in Centre County primaries against all condidates favored by former Governor Hastings.

It is worthy of note, however, that in every contest since Hamilton's appointment the Hastings people have been victorious.

SOME weeks ago it was predicted that the people would approve the Puerto Rican act when they saw how it worked. The time has come and the prophecy has been fulfilled. Puerto Rican trade is reviving and the suffering there is almost a thing of the past. Had the Democrats had their way, the situation would still be uncertain or the people would be going down into their poverty-stricken purses to pay the internal revenue taxes.

THE resolutions adopted by the Grange organizations and Agricultural associations throughout the State seem to echo the action of the State Grange Legislative Committee at their meeting in Harrisburg last week, all contrary statements in Secretary Hamilton's defense of his oleomargarine imbroglio notwithstanding.

THE Democrats want, or pretend to want, Congress to pass a resolution of sympathy with the Boers, but none of them have yet advocated backing it up by force. In other words, they are like the boy who urges his companion to fight and then runs away and leaves him to be whipped.

HON. LEONARD RHONE and Hon. William T. Creasy came in for frequent and courteous mention in Secretary John Hamilton's exhaustive exposition upon the trials and tribulations, duties and obligations of the Secretary of Agriculture given to the public last week.

IT would be well for the delegates and visitors to the Republican National convention, to convene in Philadelphia on June 19th, to bear in mind the character of Philadelphia's Mayor and Director of Public Safety and govern themselves accordingly.

THERE were [illegible] miles of new railroad built [illegible], as against 2,219 miles in [illegible] 1,650 in 1895.

PHILADELPHIA'S SHAME.

New York in its darkest days of Tammany thraldom and enslavement, when its municipal officers were knaves and freebooters of the first order, never reached the depths of moral and political degradation to which Philadelphia has been dragged by her Mayor, Samuel H. Ashbridge, and his cowardly Director of Public Safety, A. L. English, in their joint dastardly attempt to blackmail Hon. John Wanamaker in his office on last Thursday morning.

The first year of Mayor Ashbridge's administration has given such palpable evidence of his complete submission to the behests of his chosen companions and chief counsellors, machine leaders, jobbers, corruptionists and character assassins of the Durham, Penrose, English type that the reputable and *non-subsidized* journals of the city were obliged, in justice to their honor and self-respect, to openly criticise and condemn his flagrant abuse of official authority and his apparent disregard for the good name and character of the city.

Not the least, by any means, among these defenders of the city's honor and the champions of the people's rights was the *North American*, that free lance in Pennsylvania journalism which has thus far, since its reorganization, rendered such valiant service in the cause of honest government, clean politics and rectitude and efficiency in public servants. Smarting under the lash of the *North American's* repeated castigations, stung to the quick by its merciless, and deserved, censure, the Mayor through his miserable and despicable Director of Public Safety—who was equally incensed and infuriated by the *North American's* activity and fearlessness in giving to the public a true picture of the administration's corruptness, threatened Mr. Wanamaker with the publication of certain affidavits reflecting upon his private life, acquired, as stated by English in his interview with Mr. Wanamaker, at the instance of the Mayor and himself by the detective agency of the city which is under the control and direction of this most shameless blackmailer of modern times

The details of the infamous encounter, its villianous demands and Mr. Wanamaker's commendable action in giving to the public the full import of the case is known to the country at large. The public has passed judgment upon the occurrence and the verdict is that Mayor Ashbridge and Director of Public Safety English are two of the worst type of that class of political degenerates with which Philadelphia and Pennsylvania are today so deplorably cursed.

The pity is that Philadelphia must endure the disgrace of such a Mayor until the expiration of his term of office three years hence. It may relieve itself of the stigma of having a blackguard and a ruffian for Director of Public Safety by forcing his retirement in spite of his master's stubborn refusal to dismiss him. Ashbridge and English, by the way, are shining lights in the Philadelphia section of the Quay machine. They are indeed *worthy* representatives of a *worthy* cause.

THE INDIVIDUAL, NOT THE PARTY, RESPONSIBLE.

The settlement of the much discussed and equally anathematized "trust" question is not a political one, but it calls for the concerted action and best judgment of all legislators. Whenever a "trust" tends to impair the rights and privileges of citizens it aims neither at Republicans, Democrats nor Populists, but at all alike. "When combinations of capital organize into trusts to control the conditions of trade among our citizens, to stifle competition, limit production and determine the prices of products used and consumed by the people the public are justly provoked and their protests and claims should have the prompt attention of Congress." The foregoing is the substance of President McKinley's introductory remarks upon the "trust" question in his annual message to Congress last December. It is a question, therefore, for the representatives of all the people, without regard for party ties or political affiliations, to join hands in adjusting, for the protection of all.

It is truly the height of folly and absurdity to place upon the Republican party the responsibility and censure for the 'trust" condition in the country today. It is a fact patent to all who follow the organization of trusts, the expansion of corporations, that the chief promoters of the enterprise, the favored recipients of its dividends, are Democrats and Republicans alike whose political power marks them as very essential associates in a "trust" movement.

The claim is made and stubbornly contested that tariff is the mother of "trusts", that all the evils of the iniquitous "trust" so firmly imbedded in our industrial system today can be directly traced to the results of a protective tariff policy. This is absolutely false and incorrect. Trusts thrive and flourish in "free trade" countries to a greater extent and with more direct injury to the masses than they do in our own "protected" country. Trusts are *not* the result of a political condition brought about by the administrative policy of a party in power, but they *are* the consequence of a combination of capital in the hands of men whose sole ambition in life is the accumulation of vast wealth. The power and influence of such a combination is sufficiently persuasive to press into its service politicians and public men whose personal greed for riches makes them easy prey of mercenary and avaricious trusts and industrial combinations, and they are willing to give their assistance and lend their support to every measure introduced in State and National legislative councils that has for its purpose and aim the interest and benefit of a trust or combination.

It is notoriously true that this class of modern statesmen (?) who are in politics only for profit and gain are not confined to any one political party. All parties are cursed with their association and damned to a greater or less degree by their baseness and corruption. These are the men to whom "trusts" owe their existence and support. When our Congressional and Legislative halls are ornamented only with men who are proof against the persuasive influences of trusts and trade combinations laws will then be enacted which will remove the trust evil and prevent its return to active pursuits.

To the voter we say, look to the character of the candidate you are asked to support for legislative honors, state or national. You should not be guided entirely by party affiliations and preference. When we get good, honest and honorable men to make our laws then only will our interests be protected and our rights defended.

Trusts, and other state and national evils, will go to the wall when honest men of all parties are numerous enough in official life to overthrow the unscrupulous and unprincipled politician who knows no law but self-advancement, who recognizes no duty but personal desire for wealth.

BECAUSE HE WAS OTHERWISE EMPLOYED.

Professor John Hamilton, Secretary of the State Department of Agriculture, Treasurer of the Pennsylvania State College, Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture, Vice President o the State Live Stock Sanitary Board, Political editor of Centre County's machine organ, Manager of the Agricultural bureau of the Quay machine organization, and for the time being State Dairy and Food Commissioner, gave last week to the public his explanation of the failure of his Department of Agriculture to stop the illegal traffic in oleomargarine.

The Professor's elaborate and remarkably lucid exposition, showing a careful and thoughtful preparation, has given the people of Pennsylvania some conception of the magnitude of the duties of the Secretary of Agriculture if it did fail to account for and clear up his department's connection with the oleomargarine irregularities.

We ventured the assumption in our issue of last week that the critics of Prof. Hamilton did not appreciate the enormity of his official and political obligations else they would not hold *him* to account for the criminal mismanagement of the Dairy and Food Commission and demand his retirement from the government of the Department of Agriculture upon the grounds of gross incompetency and inexcusable dereliction of duty.

Professor Hamilton, in his explanatory interview, directs attention to the important fact that his numerous duties prevent a personal supervision of the work of his department chiefs and for this reason, and others set forth in his narrative, there is no justification for the attacks made upon him by political enemies, digruntled grangers and disappointed office-seekers. Whether his defense will be accepted by the people as a satisfactory account of his personal connection with the oleo expose we will not presume to say, but we still insist that Prof. Hamilton is a much abused man. We make this statement without fear of contradiction.

Some one said at sometime or other that public censure is the price one pays for official and political distinction. Prof. Hamilton enjoys (?) a varied assortment of both official and political distinction and in proof of that some one's wisdom he is paying the full price for his celebrity and with interest compounded.

Professor Hamilton is the victim of his exceptional ability and extraordinary versatility. His reputed executive qualifications and his political sagacity and shrewdness alone are responsible for the predicament in which he finds himself today. His talents for diversified employment forced their notice upon the administration with which he is connected and the political organization of which he is a prominent and an active member and he was marked for a man to fill many offices and perform many duties. Prof. Hamilton was given too much to do, and impressed with the belief that his political obligations were of paramount importance he suffered his official responsibilities to rest but lightly upon his over-burdened shoulders, and most disastrous—to him—have been the consequences of his error in judgment.

ANOTHER ST. LOUIS RIOT.

A Car Attacked and Two Men Shot One Seriously.

St. Louis, May 16.—The distinguishing feature in the sereet car strike situation yesterday was a riot which broke out on the opening of the Grand Avenue line of the St. Louis Transit system, during the progress of which two men were shot. At nightfall the Transit company and its 3,600 striking employes were no nearer an adjustment of their differences.

The riot on Grand avenue was started by a gang of strikers and their sympathizers throwing a shower of stones at a car. A shot was fired in the air by a policeman as the car started to move on after an obstruction had been removed. Shouts of "scab" came from the crowd at the same time, and more shots were fired from the procession of cars. It was claimed in the crowd that 50 to 75 shots were fired almost simultaneously, but only two persons were wounded. They were John Flatley, a striking motorman, and Joseph Trendall, a bystander. Both were wounded in the left hip. Flatley's wound is the most serious. The bullet entered near the spine, which was shattered, causing paralysis of the left leg. Trendall's wound was only a flesh wound. No further effort to molest the cars was made.

The Suburban company, pursuant to the agreement effected Sunday with its striking employes, ran on full schedule day and night. This is the first time since the strike was inaugurated on the road that a night schedule was maintained.

Copper Mine Strikers Successful.

Calumet, Mich., May 16.—The Arcadian copper miners, who have been on strike, yesterday accepted an advance of $4 per month. The Osceola mine strike has also been settled, the trammers accepting a 5 per cent increase. The "trammers" at the Winthrop struck yesterday. At the Quincy mine no settlement has yet been reached. It is believed that the demands for higher wages will be made consecutively at all the Lake Superior copper mines, employing in all 35,000 men.

A Heat Victim in Baltimore.

Baltimore, May 16.—At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon 94 degrees of heat was recorded at the United States weather bureau in Baltimore. In many parts of the city the record was two or three degrees higher. Several prostrations were reported during the afternoon, but only one proved fatal. The victim was A. R. Bokinski, a laborer, who died while being conveyed to a hospital.

CRITICAL PERIODS

In Woman's Life Are Made Dangerous by Pelvic Catarrh.

Mrs. Mathilde Richter.

Mrs. Mathilde Richter, Doniphan Neb., says:

"I suffered from catarrh for many years, but since I have been taking Pe-ru-na I feel strong and well. I would advise all people to try Pe-ru-na. As I used Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin while I was passing through the change of life, I am positively convinced your beneficial remedies have relieved me from all my ills."

Pe-ru-na has raised more women from beds of sickness and set them to work again than any other remedy. Pelvic catarrh is the bane of womankind. Pe-ru-na is the bane of catarrh in all forms and stages. Mrs. Col. Hamilton, Columbus, O., says: "I recommend Pe-ru-na to women, believing it to be especially beneficial to them."

Send for a free book written by Dr Hartman, entitled "Health and Beauty." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

THE ENVOYS WELCOMED.

Boer Emissaries For Peace Arrive at New York.

THEIR VISIT TO WASHINGTON.

Senators and Representatives Will Escort Them to the Nation's Capital—Formally Invited to Visit Sixty Cities in the United States.

New York, May 16.—The steamship Maasdam, with the peace envoys from the South African republic, arrived yesterday after a voyage of 12 days from Rotterdam. The envoys, Abraham Fischer, J. M. A. Wolmarans and C. H. Wessels, were met by a committee which went down the bay to greet them, ex-Judge Van Hoesen making an address of welcome. Later they were welcomed by a larger body of Boer sympathizers gathered on the pier at Hoboken. Mayor Fagan, of that city, extended a welcome to them, and the party then took carriages for the Hotel Manhattan, where the envoys will lodge during their stay in this city.

The Maasdam was saluted by harbor shipping on her way up, while those on board fraternized in unofficial ways. When the ship arrived at Hoboken the pier was crowded with men and women waving the Stars and Stripes and the colors of the South African republics. A brass band played patriotic airs from the pier head, and as the big ship was being brought into her dock the crowd shouted greetings to the envoys.

After the Maasdam swung in at her dock the three envoys were the first to leave the vessel. As they came down the gangway the band on the pier struck up the Boer national hymn, the crowd on the dock cheered and vessels near by tooted a welcome to the delegates.

The Boer delegates were then introduced to the Hoboken committee and to the committee of 15 from New York, which was a part of the committee of 100 which was waiting at the Barclay street ferry to greet the envoys. Then the delegates were escorted to carriages at the end of the pier. There a procession was formed, headed by a band of music. Mayor Fagan and the Hoboken and New York committees formed the escort to the visitors, who followed in carriages, accompanied by gentlemen appointed as special escorts. At the ferry the envoys were taken in charge by the committee of 100 and the whole party crossed to New York, where the envoys were escorted to the Hotel Manhattan. Along the route from the Holland-American line dock to the ferry there were crowds, who gave an enthusiastic welcome to the envoys of the South Africa republics.

The envoys were eager to her the latest news from the war. When told of the reverses to their arms and the advances made by Lord Roberts they merely shrugged their shoulders. "Such news," said Mr. Fischer, "does not disconcert us in the least. We read these dispatches between the lines; besides, what difference does one or a dozen reverses mean to us? We never propose to stop fighting until we have gained what we are fighting for—our independence."

The delegates were reticent concerning their plans. Said one: "We cannot say anything which may hinder our cause. We should like to have the government arbitrate with England, and undoubtedly we shall go to Washington to try to have an audience with President McKinley. If we cannot induce the government to do what we [illegible] will try to arouse the people, and then they will compel the government to recognize us in that way."

The envoys have received invitations from the mayors of 60 towns and cities in the United States, and it is probable that they will visit many of these places before sailing again for the continent. In Washington the national and citizens' committee will make the final arrangements for the reception of the visitors. A delegation headed by Representative Sulzer will come to New York tomorrow morning to escort the envoys to the capital, where they will stay at the Arlington hotel. The delegation will include also Senator Allen, Representatives Chanler and Ruppert and Mr. William Van Der Hoogt, one of the Boer commissioners now in this country. The envoys will be met at the railroad station in Washington by the entire reception committee of about 150.

BALLOTING FOR BISHOPS.

Secretly Guarding the Result of the First Fruitless Vote.

Chicago, May 16.—The election of bishops of the Methodist church has so far resulted in no choice. One ballot was taken yesterday, but none of the 40 odd candidates received the necessary two-thirds vote required under the rules. The number of votes cast was 630, and it was predicted that a dozen ballots might have to be taken to secure the two bishops desired. The board of tellers closely guarded the result. Even the church leaders and candidates were denied the information they sought from the tellers.

During the afternoon the various candidates were exercised by a rumor that was persistently circulated to the effect that Dr. John W. E. Bowen, the colored candidate, had won on the first ballot. Investigation proved the rumor to be incorrect, and the information leaked out that there was no choice on the first ballot. One report from an unofficial source had it that the count showed Dr. Bowen in the lead, with 298 votes to his credit. Another story was to the effect that Dr. James M. Buckley had secured over 300 votes, and was at the head of the list. One presiding elder, who claimed to have inside information, declared that the count would show the first six to be David H. Moore, James M. Buckley, J. W. E. Bowen, J. W. Hamilton, J. F. Berry and A. J. Palmer.

Buttonwood Miners Again on Strike

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 16.—The officers of the United Mine Workers' organization called out the men employed at the Buttonwood mine of the Parish Coal company yesterday. The miners at this colliery went out on strike last week, but returned to work Monday. Organizer James addressed the men in mass meeting and said they returned to work under a misapprehension. The men say they will not go back to work now until the miner discharged a week ago is reinstated.

Speedy Justice in Virginia.

Martinsville, Va., May 16.—Charles Hairston, the negro indicted for attempted criminal assault upon Miss Gauldin last week, was yesterday tried, convicted and sentenced to be hanged on June 20. The military formed a cordon around the court house square and prevented the public entering the court room. The only incident of the day was the disarming of Miss Gauldin's father in the presence of the court.

Yesterday's Baseball Games.

National League: At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 7; Boston, 5. At St. Louis—Brooklyn, 5; St. Louis, 2. At Chicago—Chicago, 10; New York, 8. At Cincinnati (12 innings, called on account of darkness)—Philadelphia, 4; Cincinnati, 4.

Atlantic League: At Reading—Scranton, 7; Reading, 6. At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 11; Jersey City, 6.

Children Played With Matches.

Huntingdon, Pa., May 16.—Two children of John P. Zook, a farmer of Allensville, while playing with matches in a building adjoining their father's barn, set the structure on fire, and becoming imprisoned by the flames Martha, the 4-year-old girl, was burned to death. The little boy was also badly burned before being rescued. The barn, containing 400 bushels of wheat, four calves, four wagons and a traction engine, was consumed.

Fatal Electric Storms in Texas.

Laredo, Tex., May 16.—Much damage resulted from wind and electric storms yesterday. Juan Valdez was killed by lightning, the Laredo woolen mill was partly demolished, the wholesale grocery house of H. F. Valdez was unroofed and the Laredo Electric Light and Power company's power house damaged, as were a number of other structures in the city. Dozens of small buildings and Mexican shanties were demolished.

Charged With Conspiracy to Murder

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 16.—Thomas Varchicki, a Polander, was arrested yesterday charged with being implicated in the plot to assassinate Father Blazowiski, pastor of the Independent Polish church of this city. The police officer found the prisoner at work in the mines. He was locked up for a hearing.

HOW IT'S BACKED.

Undoubted Reliability is Expressed in Bellefonte Indorsement.

What you want is home indorsement.

The backing of people you know.

Bellefonte proof for Bellefonte people.

That's what follows here,

Surely no better backing can be had than the following statement from Mr. William Valence of 226 High Street, Night watchman who says:—"For 2 years or more off and on, I had trouble with my back and pains in the upper part of my spine accompanied by a disagreeable feeling in my head and acute lameness right over my kidneys. At first I thought it was my liver but later found it arose from the kidneys not acting properly. I read of the many cures that had been made here at home by Doan's Kidney Pills and I got them at F. Potts Green's drug store. They stopped the annoyance from the kidneys and removed the lameness and aching in my back. They did me any amount of good and I do not hesitate to recommend them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co. Buffalo N. Y. sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

FARMERS WIN AGAINST THE RING

Levi Wells, Dairy and Food Commissioner, Is Forced to Step Out of Office.

SAYS HE IS GETTING TOO OLD

Farmers Demand Now That Hamilton and the Whole Crowd of Politicians in the Department of Agriculture Get Out—More Attempts to Fool the People—Pure Butter Men Will Push the Cases and the Quay Machine Must Give Way.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Harrisburg, May 15.—Unable to withstand the tremendous pressure that was brought to bear upon him by the outraged farmers and dairymen of the state, Governor Stone was compelled last week to ask Levi Wells to resign from his position as dairy and food commissioner in the department of agriculture. The dismissal took the shape of a letter of resignation from that official to the governor. In some respects it was a remarkable document. In his letter of resignation Levi Wells says:

"I have held the responsible position of dairy and food commissioner for nearly five years, and have performed the varied and arduous duties of that office, as I believe, in a satisfactory manner. At this time impure food has been practically driven from our state. The only oleomargarine factory that was in Pennsylvania when I assumed this office was closed by me in November, 1895, and several wholesale oleomargarine dealers in Philadelphia, whom I found openly violating the law when I was placed in charge of the department, were driven from business. In view of the fact that the work that I have undertaken has been placed on such a satisfactory basis and has been carried on with such success, I feel that I can now relinquish it without interfering with its continuance and with a sense of pride in the permanent and valuable results that have been obtained. I am further impelled to take this action by the fact that the work has grown to very large proportions and I have reached a time of life when I feel that I ought to be permitted to retire from active and arduous duties. Appreciating the above, I tender and beg that you will accept my resignation, to take effect May 16, 1900."

WILL FOOL NO ONE.

No one will be deceived by such statements as the above. "At this time impure food has been practically driven from our state," says Wells, when the whole state and the United States is ringing with the gigantic exposure of the oleomargarine frauds and the betrayal of the farmers and pure butter makers by the agents of the dairy and food commission. What kind of a man and official is Mr. Wells to make such a statement as the above when he knows that every grange official in the state and every farmer in the state knows the statement to be absolutely false.

But one other remarkable statement deserves attention, when he says: "I have reached a time of life when I feel that I ought to be permitted to retire from active and arduous duties." Again does every farmer and politician in the state know that Levi Wells worked night and day to secure his appointment to the office, and to secure his reappointment under Governor Stone. It is passing strange that Wells only discovered since the bogus butter frauds were sprung that he was getting too old to attend to the duties of the office. That only when the farmers all over the state rose up and demanded that he be dismissed, that he discovered that he was getting old and ought to have a rest.

But the forced resignation of Wells was not the only feature. The governor of the state of Pennsylvania, William A. Stone, accepted the resignation in the following letter:

"Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your communication of this date tendering your resignation as dairy and food commissioner, to take effect May 16, 1900, and stating that you are further impelled to take this action by the fact that the work has grown to very large proportions, and that you have reached a time of life when you feel that you ought to be permitted to retire from active and arduous duties.

"In accepting your resignation I wish to assure you that I have full confidence in your fidelity and honesty and believe that in the long time that you have held this office your purpose has been to faithfully and honestly discharge your full duty.

"Very truly yours,

"WILLIAM A. STONE."

HAMILTON ON DECK.

Of course this letter of acceptance was intended, just as Wells' resignation was intended, to let the discredited official down easily and keep the record straight, but the queer part of it is that these men high in official position still persist in believing that the plain people of Pennsylvania, the farmers, merchants, mechanics, are such wretched dullards that they do not see through these flimsy schemes to fool and deceive them.

"Professor" John Hamilton, secretary of agriculture, has been appointed to act as dairy and food commissioner instead of Wells, and the first thing he did in taking hold of the work was to publish an attack on the Grangers and endeavoring to make the exposure of the infamous oleomargarine frauds an alleged attack on the Republican party. He abused the Grangers, and notably those Grangers who happened to be Democrats and who were conspicuous in aiding to show that somebody had been collecting for protection one cent per pound on every pound of oleomargarine sold in the state.

And now the farmers of the state are demanding that John Hamilton be thrown out of his position for incompetency and general inefficiency. His prosecute oleomargarine his failure to know that such corruption existed in his department is deemed sufficient cause for his dismissal.

The appointment of a new secretary of agriculture is imperatively demanded. The dismissal of Wells was a sop thrown to the farmers, but they are not satisfied and demand that Hamilton go with him. The Philadelphia North American in an editorial on the subject on last Thursday struck the keynote, as follows:

"In obedinece to demands that he dared not ignore, Governor Stone has procured the resignation of Dairy and Food Commissioner Levi Wells, one of the officials directly responsible for the swindling of the public and robbery of the farmers by the oleomargarine trust.

"The fraudulent operations of the trust and the corrupt connivance of officials with insolent violations of law were first exposed by The North American on April 16. Governor Stone sought to divert attention from the chief culprits by ordering the arrest of an inspector who had been exposed by this journal as an agent of the conspirators, but he was told plainly that the sacrifice of a minor offender, however guilty, would neither satisfy the just demands of the farmers nor serve to convince the public of the genuineness of his own professed desire to correct the evils uncovered.

FARMERS DEMAND IT.

"The removal of Commissioner Wells, Secretary Hamilton and the whole staff of officials of the dairy and food commission was the duty plainly set before him. Governor Stone refused to perform that duty and resentfully fought those who pointed it out to him, rejecting The North American's offers of assistance. He has jettisoned Wells only because he had to, and he hopes to save the rest of his rotten official cargo.

"The resignation of Wells is an admission of the truth of the charges made and proved by The North American. It is a verdict of guilty against the whole department responsible for the administration of the pure food laws—a tardy and reluctant verdict, forced by an overwhelming mass of evidence that could not be rebutted. On the partial victory won in the ousting of Wells the producers of pure butter are to be congratulated. But it is only a payment on account to the outraged farmers and defrauded state. More remains due, and the farmers should not rest until the slate is wiped clean.

HAMILTON MUST GO.

"There still remain Governor Stone's secretary of agriculture, who professed ignorance of a state of affairs in a department under his control that needed only to be looked at to be revealed; incompetent inspectors like Terry, whose neglect of duty permitted and encouraged fraud, and the whole host of subordinate intermediaries between swindling retailers and the protection-selling wholesalers backed by the Quay machine. A clean sweep of the entire gang must be insisted on by the united farmers if they expect to break up the conspiracy that has been shielded by Governor Stone. Wells has been thrown to them as a sop to Cerberus."

This sentiment is echoed by every self respecting newspaper in the state. Only the Quay organs are trying to defend Hamilton and the department of agriculture. Every Republican newspaper, every Democratic newspaper, every independent newspaper has condemned the corruption and demanded that a new deal in the department of agriculture be made at once.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

The amount of bonds so far exchanged at the treasury for the new 2 per cent consols is $271,348,850.

North York, a hamlet on the line of the Wisconsin Central railroad, was entirely destroyed by fire last night.

In a quarrel over children at Scranton, Pa., Mrs. Pace slashed Mrs. Bellows with a butcher knife, perhaps fatally.

Near Harrisonburg, Va., Edward Phillips resisted an attempt of Deputy Sheriff Karicobe to arrest him and was shot dead.

The Peruvian government has ratified the resolution of congress approving the extradition treaty with the United States.

The directors of the Baltimore and Lehigh railroad yesterday declared a dividend of 2½ per cent on the company's $843,500 capital stock.

The Canajoharie National bank, of Canajoharie, N. Y., which suspended payment and was placed in the hands of a receiver Jan. 25, 1900, has resumed business.

In unveiling a memorial of Admiral Farragut at Lewes Ferry, Tenn., yesterday Admiral Dewey declared Farragut "the greatest naval commander in the annals of our country."

Three Men Fatally Scalded.

Brooklyn, May 16.—Three men were so badly scalded by the bursting of a steam pipe in the Nicholas Chemical works, at Laurel Hill, L. I., yesterday that they probably will die. They are: John Smith, 27 years old; Patrick Higgins, aged 29; John O'Hara, aged 29. The men were cleaning out the great ash pans below the boilers in the engine room. Before they could get out all had been badly burned and scalded, and it is believed they will not recover.

Rusie Pays His Alimony.

Indianapolis, May 16.—Amos Rusie, the baseball pitcher of the New York club, whose wife recently secured a judgment in Judge Allen's court for a divorce and $1,100 alimony, paid the judgment yesterday afternoon. He will arrange to return to New York this week and finish the season with that club.

The Next Royal Wedding.

Berlin, May 16.—It is now settled that the marriage of Princess Maria Louise of Cumberland to Prince Maximilian of Baden will take place July 10 in the Protestant church at Gmunden, Upper Austria. There will be a festive entry into Carlsraut. Later they will go to Salem, on the Lake of Constance.

SENATOR CLARK'S COUP.

Surprises the National Senate by Resigning His Seat.

HE IS PROMPTLY REAPPOINTED.

Acting Governor Spriggs, in the Absence of Govenor Smith, Names the Montana Senator to Succeed Himself—Spriggs Always a Clark Man.

Washington, May 16.—Mr. Clark, of Montana, fairly swept the senate with surprise yesterday by a formal announcement that he had sent his resignation as senator to the governor of Montana. The announcement came without previous notice, and probably not half a dozen persons in Washington knew that it was to be made. Mr. Clark struck just at the instant the iron was hottest. Mr. Chandler, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, had given notice that at 1 o'clock he would call up for consideration the resolution unanimously reported from the committee declaring Mr. Clark not to be entitled to his seat in the senate. A spirited contest over the resolution was expected. Every senator in the city was at his desk.

At 12:30, just as the routine business was concluded, Mr. Clark quietly rose and addressed the chair. He desired, he said in a low, tense voice, to address the senate on a question of privilege personal to himself. Instantly there was a buzz of expectation in the chamber. Senators from both sides of the main aisle hurried to seats near Mr. Clark, and a hush fell upon the assemblage as the Montana senator began to speak.

At first his words could be scarcely heard, but as he proceeded his voice became clear, and while at no time did

WILLIAM A. CLARK.

he speak loudly the intense earnestness of his utterance carried his address to the remotest parts of the chamber.

His address was a sharp arraignment of the committee's action and report, an analytical discussion of the evidence adduced at the investigation, an explanation of political and business affairs in Montana, and a bitter excoriation of Marcus Daly and his friends.

As Mr. Clark adverted to his desire to hand down to his children a name untarnished by the breath of disgrace, tears welled to his eyes and his voice trembled with emotion. He almost broke down. Then, bracing himself, he read the letter he had sent to the governor of Montana tendering his resignation. At the conclusion of the speech Mr. Clark became the center of a group of senators, all desirous of pressing his hand.

Little other business of importance was transacted. The resolution relating to Mr. Clark went over until today and the senate proceeded to the transaction of routine business.

Senators generally declined to express opinions upon the effect of the appointment of Mr. Clark by the lieutenant governor of Montana, but Senator Chandler, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, said when informed of the appointment: "I reckon the trick won't work."

Senator McComas, a Republican member of the committee, said: "The case will depend upon the fate of the pending resolution reported by the committee on privileges and elections in the Clark case. If that resolution should be passed it would be a judgment of the senate to the effect that the seat was vacant from the beginning of the term and we should then have in the Clark case substantially a repetition of the Quay case. If the resolution should not pass then the appointment of Mr. Clark would be the filling of a vacancy occasioned by his resignation, and would be quite the ordinary case of filling a vacancy by executive appointment."

Senator Caffrey, a Democratic member of the committee, said: "If the senate finds that Mr. Clark's election was void by reason of the corrupt use of money this finding will be equivalent to saying that the vacancy was never filled, and according to the precedents of the senate the vacancy cannot be filled by executive appointment."

Senator Frye, president pro tem. of the senate, said that under the present conditions a vacancy existed. He had ordered Mr. Clark's name stricken from the roll on the statement that he had resigned. If Senator Clark presented credentials in due form he would be sworn in unless objection was made. Mr. Frye was of the opinion that the question of right to the seat could be determined afterwards. Senator Allison said: "If the appointment is made under the statutes of Montana I don't think it can be questioned by the governor upon his return to Montana. I do not believe that the resignation is to be held pending an investigation can be effect. In the Caldwell case, where further proceedings were had, Mr. Caldwell tendered his resignation. Senator Hoar said: "I don't think that the senate can refuse to seat Mr. Clark. The elimination of his name from the roll call was sufficient recognition of the vacancy to commit the senate to it."

SENATOR CLARK REAPPOINTED.

Acting Governor Spriggs Names Him to Succeed Himself.

Helena, Mont., May 16.—Acting Governor Spriggs last night appointed W. A. Clark, of Butte, United States senator to serve until the next legislature shall elect his successor. Senator Clark's resignation was filed early in the day with the governor and last night he was appointed to succeed himself. Spriggs has all along been a friend of Senator Clark, during his candidacy for the senatorship and since, although he preserved the utmost impartiality in his office as lieutenant governor and president of the senate during the senatorial campaign. Governor Smith, a partisan of the Daly people, left the state two weeks ago for California to attend some mining cases in which he is interested. At that time there was no thought of Senator Clark resigning. The resignation filed yesterday came as a surprise to the people of the state, who had no inkling of the coup prepared. During the day the acting governor received a great many telegrams from all over the state urging him to appoint Senator Clark, alleging that he was the real choice of a large majority of the Democrats and a large proportion of the Republicans as well. Spriggs was besieged all day by individuals and by delegations friendly and hostile to Mr. Clark. The opinion is expressed that Clark, having resigned before the senate declared his seat vacant, the governor's appointment will be recognized.

Noted German Editor Here.

New York, May 16.—Among the passengers who arrived yesterday on the new North German Lloyd steamer Grosser Kurfuerst was Dr. Johannes Trojan, editor of the German comic-satirical weekly Kladderadatsch. Two years ago Dr. Trojan was confined six months at Weichselmuende fortress for lese majeste committed in having allowed to be published in The Kladderadatsch a cartoon showing Alexander the Great, Hannibal, Caesar and other famous heathen field marshals in a state of great hilarity over the assertion of Emperor William that only good Christians could be good soldiers. Dr. Trojan came here to visit his married daughter in Toronto and to make an extensive trip through the United States.

Georgia's Democratic Ticket.

Atlanta, Ga., May 16.—A good vote was cast in the Democratic white primary, which was held in every county in the state yesterday for the choice of United States senator, congressman from the Eleventh district and state officers. The following is the state ticket nominated: Governor, Allen D. Candler; secretary of state, Philip Cook; comptroller general, William A. Wright; treasurer, Robert E. Parks; attorney general, Joseph M. Terrell; school commissioner, G. R. Glenn; commissioner of agriculture, O. B. Stevens; prison commissioners, Clement A. Evans and Tom Eason; assistant justice of the supreme court, William Little and Henry T. Lewis; United States senator, A. O. Bacon.

Municipal Ice Plants For New York.

New York, May 16.—The alleged combination to raise the price of ice in greater New York was brought to the attention of the common council yesterday by Councilman Leich, who offered a resolution directing the president of the council to appoint a committee to investigate the charges that certain public officials are owners of stock in the American Ice company, "a trust doing business in the city of New York." The resolution was unanimously adopted. Councilman Connolly then introduced a resolution, which was adopted, recommending the construction of three municipal ice plants.

The Labor Market in Germany.

Berlin, May 16.—The German labor market continues good in the main, although the papers express a fear that the conditions of the American iron market will soon react severely upon Germany. The Vulcan works have ordered a lockout because of the high demands of the workmen. At Breslau the cabinet makers have gone on strike. The worsted manufacturers of the Rhine and of Westphalia have reduced their output. The Berlin street car employes have decided upon a general strike unless the companies agree to make a series of comprehensive concessions.

Freezing Temperature in Germany.

Berlin, May 16.—During the last six days the weather has been cold in the Silesian mountains, in the Hartz and in the Thuringian forests. There have been severe frosts and heavy snowfalls. Yesterday snow fell heavily at Leipsic, Chemnitz, Posen and Quedlinburg. Throughout Wurtemburg and around Mayence the vineyards have suffered severely. Yesterday the temperature was below the freezing point in Berlin.

To Protect Canadian Tanners.

Toronto, Ont., May 16.—By an order in council the Ontario government has prohibited the export of tan bark cut on crown lands. However, it does not affect tan bark cut on lands held by settlers. This action was taken at the request of tanners, who asserted that the supply in the United States was fast diminishing and that the Americans were saving their own bark by getting their supply from Ontario.

The Deadlocked Murder Jury.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 16.—The Lutz murder jury is still out. This was their fourteenth day. Judge Halsey sent for the jury yesterday afternoon. He said he sympathized with them, as he knew the warm weather was very trying on them in their stuffy quarters, but under the law he could not discharge. He hoped their conscience would permit them to agree upon a compromise verdict. The jurors then went back to their rooms to deliberate again. John Lutz, the prisoner, was in court when the jury came in. He has hardly slept a wink since the jury went out, and he said that if the suspense did not end soon it would kill him.

LETITIA'S DAUGHTER.

BY ZOE ANDERSON NORRIS.

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Tabitha Allen took Eliza's hat, laid it on a table near by, motioned her to a seat and stood in the middle of the room, looking solemnly down at her.

"If I tell you somethin," said she, creasing her forehead into an impressive frown, "will you promise not to tell?"

"I promise," said Eliza.

"On your word of honor?"

"On my word of honor," repeated Eliza, "I won't breathe it to a livin soul. See! I cross my heart and body." And she laughingly suited the action to the word.

Tabitha took her seat at the window, and, searching in a cumbersome basket for a heelless stocking, found one, slipped the darning ball into it and slowly thrust her needle through an emery ball in the shape of an overgrown strawberry, while Eliza leaned eagerly forward, waiting to hear.

Tabitha threaded her needle before she spoke.

"There's to be a weddin in the neighborhood pretty soon," she said then.

"A weddin!" cried Eliza. "What! You don't mean next door—Letitia Kinsman and Tom Jones?"

Tabitha's thin lips wreathed themselves into a sphinxlike smile.

"That's what everybody thinks, I know," said she, "but there'll be a little surprise waitin 'em. It ain't Letitia this time, as it happens."

"Then who in the world can it be?" asked Eliza breathlessly.

Tabitha waived the question.

"I've been livin next door to Letitia Kinsman ever since her husband died,"

"THERE'S TO BE A WEDDIN IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD."

said she, "and I know all about her from A to izzard; not that she's told me much herself—Letitia never was no great hand to talk; she's a close mouthed woman, especially when it comes to anything concernin her own affairs, but you can't help pickin up a mite of information as you go along, livin so close—that is, if you've got any eyes at all."

She worked awhile in silence before she began again.

"Letitia wore her crape a good long time for such a pretty woman, and it was a long time, too, before she began to notice, as much as a year or more. So when Tom Jones took to seein her home from meetin and hangin over the gate with her till the moon went down nobody was much surprised. Even if Letitia ain't as young as she used to be she's a mighty pretty woman—mighty pretty! And smart! There ain't a smarter woman in Plainville then Letitia Kinsman."

"Seems like, even if them widows ain't pretty, they're kinder takin somehow or other," put in Eliza. "They allus catches the eye of the men."

Tabitha nodded assent as she ran her long needle through every other stitch in the diminutive latticework she was weaving in the spot where the heel of the stocking had been.

"That's true enough," said she, "and, as I say, it begun to look like Letitia was havin things all her own way. She was a widow and pretty yet and smart. There never was a church sociable but what Letitia had every man in the room around her a-splittin of their sides laughin at the funny things she said right off plank down, while the rest of us thought of what we mought have said after we'd got half way home."

She slapped her hand over her mouth in the effort to conceal a slight yawn.

"Yes," she concluded, "she was smart—there's no denyin that—about most things. But there was one thing she wa'n't smart about."

"And what was that?" demanded Eliza.

"When everything was goin her way and Tom had popped the question or was about to pop it, and that"—here she grasped the stocking more securely and looked cross eyed as she ran the needle back the other way, the point toward her—"was one thing I never could quite make out, whether he ever asked her in so many words to marry him or not. If he didn't, all I've got to say is that he was mighty near it, sendin her little sweet smellin bokays and settin out on the front porch with her till all hours of the night and, as I said before, hangin on the gate; not only that, but comin sometimes early in the mornin before I'd had time to get my dishes washed; so early that if you hadn't known better you'd thought he'd been hangin there on that gate the livelong night."

Eliza was in a spasm of suspense.

"What did she do that wa'n't smart?" she begged to know.

Tabitha had finished darning the stocking. She laid it across her knee, smiled complacently at the deftness of her own handiwork and slipped the darning ball into its mate.

"She brought that big girl of hers home out of the boardin school," she announced with an intonation of disgust. "That's what she did."

"And Tom fell in love with her?"

"Of course! What else could she have expected, I'd like to know? Letitia's pretty, but her daughter is prettier. Besides, she is 17 years younger, and that makes a good deal of difference with a man."

"Tom Jones is every bit and grain as old as Letitia Kinsman," declared Eliza indignantly.

She snipped off a stray thread with her scissors.

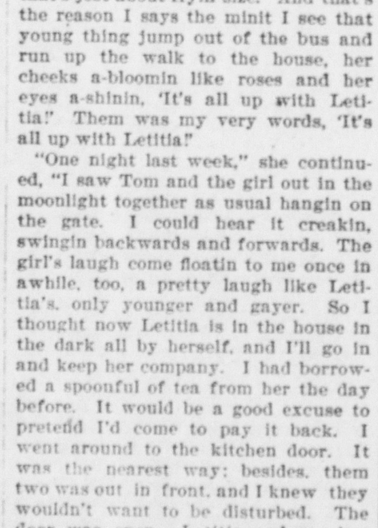
"And I was right," she went on. "It was. From that time on it was Tom and Letitia's daughter a-settin out on the porch together and hangin on the gate together, and it was the girl that got the little bokays and put 'em in the vase on the mantelpiece in the parlor where they could scent up the whole house while Letitia stood by and looked on.

"When she first come, Letitia was so bright and cheery you'd taken 'em for sisters if you'd seen 'em settin side by side, but it wa'n't many weeks before Letitia begun to get hollow eyed and white and showed her age, every day of it, jest when she'd oughter been a-bloomin her very prettiest if she wanted to be any sort of match for the girl at all. It was pitiful to see the change in her. She got so she didn't make any more of her cute little jokes, and she never laughed any more. I missed that laugh of hers. I used to like to hear it, settin here by the window sewin. The girl laughed a-plenty, but Letitia she got quieter and quieter until at last you'd thought it was a ghost of a woman creepin about the house at her work, laggin sort of tired-like and worn out as if she'd somehow come to the end of her row."

She sighed as she unwound the darning cotton from a black ball, bit off the end and once more threaded the large eye of her needle.

"Don't I know that? But he's a man, remember, and men don't get old, they say. Anyway, the older they get the better they likes to hang around a girl that's jest about fryin size. And that's the reason I says the minit I see that young thing jump out of the bus and run up the walk to the house, her cheeks a-bloomin like roses and her eyes a-shinin, 'It's all up with Letitia!' Them was my very words, 'It's all up with Letitia!'

"One night last week," she continued, "I saw Tom and the girl out in the moonlight together as usual hangin on the gate. I could hear it creakin, swingin backwards and forwards. The girl's laugh come floatin to me once in awhile, too, a pretty laugh like Letitia's, only younger and gayer. So I thought now Letitia is in the house in the dark all by herself, and I'll go in and keep her company. I had borrowed a spoonful of tea from her the day before. It would be a good excuse to pretend I'd come to pay it back. I went around to the kitchen door. It was the nearest way; besides, them two was out in front, and I knew they wouldn't want to be disturbed. The door was open. Letitia and me has been neighbors so long that I didn't think nothin of walkin right on in. I went through the dinin room to the settin room and stood still in the middle of it lookin around for Letitia. There was a couch by the window, with the moonlight streamin over it, and Letitia was layin on it face down, like somebody'd thrown her there. She was shakin all over with sobs. She wa'n't cryin so's you could hear her, but jest sort of catchin her breath, tryin hard not to cry, for all the world like a child that had been whipped."



"SHE WAS SHAKIN ALL OVER WITH SOBS."

"What did you do?" panted Eliza.

"I stood there," replied Tabitha. "She hadn't heard me come in, so she kept on sobbin till by and by she kinder felt that I was there—you know how that is—and started up, brushin the tears away with the backs of her hands. 'How you frightened me!' she says, tryin to laugh, with her voice all trem-blin. Then she went on to explain about how she had one of her bad nervous headaches that she's subject to and was layin down to see if she couldn't sleep it off.

"I never said a thing, not a single thing. I jest waited, listenin same as if I was takin it all in. Then, when she was through, 'I've brought back the tea I borrowed from you yesterday,' I told her, and I handed her the cup with the spoonful of tea at the bottom of it.

"'You needn't 'a' minded about bringin back that little bit of tea,' she said—Letitia's a mighty good, liberal hearted neighbor to have; I've allus said that of her—and she went on out into the kitchen and found the tea canister, poured the tea into it, wiped the cup and handed it back to me, all without any light. 'The moonlight is bright as day,' says she, apologizin, but I knew the reason she wouldn't light the lamp. She didn't want me to see the tears on her cheeks.

"After that she asked me to come in and set down, but of course I wouldn't.

"WHAT'S YOUR HURRY?" SHE ASKED.

I marched myself straight back home."

"And how did you find out about the weddin?" inquired Eliza.

"It was the next mornin. I was tyin up some mornin glory vines on the side fence between her yard and mine when she came out of the house and stood across from me with the vines in between us.

"'If you've got a spool of white thread No. 70,' says she, 'I'd like to borrow it,' and with that she goes on to tell me about the weddin, smilin brave as you please, with her face like a ghost. 'My daughter is to be married soon,' says she, 'to Mr. Jones, and I am real busy now workin on her weddin clothes.'

"'I'll get you the thread in one minute,' I said to her, and I started for the house. On the step of the back porch I happened to look over my shoulder at her standin there with the mornin glories up to her waist and bloomin fit to kill, sort of makin part of a frame for her. The smile was all gone—she thought I wa'n't lookin, you see—and your heart would have ached, Eliza, if you could have seen her face!"

By this time she had finished darning the mate to the first stocking. She laid them together, rolled them in a neat roll and turned the hem of one over both.

"And so," gasped Eliza, "it's the daughter he's goin to marry, after all, and not Letitia! My land!"

"It's the daughter," said Tabitha conclusively, drawing the big basket closer and laying the stockings in it with others like them, carefully darned and folded away in pairs.

Eliza arose and reached for her hat. In her haste she pinned it on a trifle crooked, which had the effect of giving her a rakish air; but, nothing daunted, she made for the door.

Tabitha followed her.

"What's your hurry?" she asked.

"Oh, there are a lot of things I've got to do this mornin," explained Eliza. "I'm up to my neck in work as usual, but I'm awfully glad I found you at home, Tabitha, awfully glad! Come over soon, real soon, and bring your knittin. Why can't you stay all day? Well, if you can't do that make me a little visit anyway. Goodby."

"Goodby," said Tabitha.

As she watched her hurry out of the gate and make her way swiftly across the street she added: "She declared up and down she wouldn't tell, but I know that Eliza Banks like a book. If she kept a secret half a day, she'd die of it. She's gone right now to hunt up somebody to tell it to."

She shut the door and walked back into the room.

"That story will be all over Plainville with a thousand frills and furbelows by night," she muttered.

A Terrible Warning.

There was a man who was too stingy to subscribe for his home paper, so sent his little son to a neighbor to borrow one. As the boy was going home he fell down and broke his leg. The father heard his cries and ran out to see what was the matter, but slipped and fell, dislocating his knee and tearing the bosom out of his $10 pantaloons. His wife ran to his assistance, leaving a 2-year-old baby on the floor. The baby crawled out and fell down the well, and while the mother was fishing the child out the house caught fire and was totally destroyed. Moral—Now is the time to subscribe.—Cambridge (O.) Sun.

A Transient Population.

Every Friday evening New York loses thousands of its residents, who go to other cities in the state and to Boston and Philadelphia. These people are citizens of Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Elmira, Binghamton, and the travelers to Boston and Philadelphia have their homes in those cities. All of these men do business in New York city. They return to New York from their homes on Sunday night, arriving on Monday morning, and from that time until Friday evening they are going after the almighty dollar.—Baltimore News.

NOTHING WAS TOO GOOD FOR HIM

BY HOWARD FIELDING

Copyright, 1899, by C. W. Hooke.

Bill Doyle, gunner's mate from the Raleigh, strayed into the office of J. Bolton Melnor, broker, on Nassau street near Wall. The tar was looking for his friend Tom Grady, who had formerly worked in that place.

The building had been remodeled and improved to the extent that none of the old tenants could afford to live in it, but with a sailor's instinct for locality Bill had found the exact spot where Tom Grady once worked.

Bill saw that the channel buoys had been shifted, and he came in with only enough steam to give him steerage way. He would have put about hastily had not Melnor chanced to get an eye on him.

Melnor is a patriot. The champagne that he has drunk to the health of Uncle Sam and the confusion of all Spaniards would float a small gunboat. He seized Bill by the hand, pulled him into the private office and two minutes later had insisted upon taking the search for Tom Grady entirely into his own hands.

While the investigation was making two young gentlemen named Stratton and Reeves called upon Melnor and were duly presented to Bill, whereupon Messrs. Stratton and Reeves swore in the name of all the gods at once that they were proud to take the hand of Gunner's Mate Doyle of the Raleigh.

It was not a soft hand, by the way, but it was a clean one, and Doyle from top to toe—or keel to truck, if you prefer the phrase—was a neat, natty young sailorman.

"Mr. Doyle's going to dinner with us tonight," said Melnor. "Allen's been called away. There's a vacant chair."

"Out of sight!" exclaimed Stratton and Reeves.

Doyle turned very red. In his heart he wanted to go. He had taken a sailor's strong and sudden liking for Melnor, and he knew that in his company he should see great things. Yet he was afraid—a queer word to use in connection with Bill Doyle.

"I better not," he said. "I've got no place in your party. I'd be a 1 pounder shell in the 6 inch gun. I wouldn't fit."

"Any one of Dewey's men," said Melnor, with vast impressiveness, "is big enough to fit any place that will hold him."

"If I could see Tom Grady first," said Doyle, hesitating.

"Won't tomorrow do?" asked Melnor.

"Well, I don't know," said Doyle, and he rubbed his head thoughtfully.

He could not tell these men why he was so anxious to see Tom Grady. It

HE SEIZED BILL BY THE HAND.

was, in fact, a matter of money. Doyle wanted to borrow $15, the balance of $20 that would be required to secure a private room in a hospital for his widowed sister's little boy. The youngster had a bad cut from broken glass, and it was not healing. The doctor had said that a week in the hospital would be worth a month at home, but the little fellow had seen a "ward" once and was afraid of it. A private room would cost $20.

Immediately after reaching New York Doyle had spent all his savings and all he could raise to get his sister out of a quagmire of debt. That is why he could raise but $5 toward the $20. In this emergency he had bethought him of his old friend Tom Grady, a thrifty fellow, who earned little, but saved much. Bill was particularly anxious to get the money on the next day, for the $20 room at the hospital might be taken any time, and the other good ones cost more.

The sailor could not mention such matters to these Wall street men. They might think that he wanted them to help him out. He made them understand, however, that finding Grady was very important.

Upon hearing this, Melnor called a trusted clerk.

"Jim," said he, "I want you to find Tom Grady, who used to work for a tailor in this building. I want the address by 10 o'clock tomorrow. Don't let anything stop you. You'll probably need some of Waller's sleuths"—Waller being the head of a private detective agency. "Here's some money to pay the freight."

He handed Jim a bit of paper that he had torn off a pad. Doyle saw $200 written on it in blue pencil.

The idea of spending $200 to find a man for the purpose of borrowing $15 from him made the sailor feel a faintness in his solar plexus.

"It ain't right for me to let you do this," he began, but Melnor would not hear a word. He had a gently commanding way which fitted exactly to the sailor's trained obedience. From that moment Gunner's Mate Doyle was as completely under the sway of Melnor as if he had been the admiral.

Two electric cabs took the party up town, Doyle riding with Melnor to the building where he had his rooms. Reeves and Stratton were to be there at 7. The rooms appeared to Doyle as

SHE SET A CORNER OF THE ENVELOPE ALIGHT.

the most luxurious abode ever inhabited by any mortal creature. He was a young man of quick perceptions, and in a flash there came to him an education in the art of living. He became conscious of a new kind of envy.

Melnor's man made a large supply of champagne cocktail, a delicacy never before presented to the palate of Bill Doyle. He had the misfortune to like it exceedingly. The quantity which he swallowed under the pressure of Melnor's hospitality did not disturb his head, but it upset all his notions about drinking. He had never liked liquor, and beer had appealed to him merely as a good thing on a hot day, but he fancied that champagne cocktail might be acceptable at all times and seasons.

It will not be worth while to describe the dinner for eight. When Doyle learned that the other four were to be ladies connected with the theatrical profession, he had visions of wild revelry such as he had sometimes read about in the newspapers. As a matter of fact, the dinner was as decorous as it might have been anywhere that he could imagine.

Still there was plenty of fun. Everybody did or said something clever—everybody except Bill, whose native wit deserted him because he was all the time trying to be like the others. Yet they strove to make him think that he was very clever indeed, and sometimes, slightly assisted by the champagne, they nearly succeeded.

The pretty girl who would have smiled upon Allen smiled radiantly upon Bill, and by 9 o'clock his heart was like a redhot coal. Yet he told himself that he was having the time of his life and that it was great good fortune to be with such people and to get a peep into another and a brighter sphere.

He learned that Reeves was not a New Yorker, but a speculator from Chicago, who had recently made himself famous by losing a vast sum of money. Reeves did not seem to be worrying about his misfortune, and therefore Bill, who had ideas about fortitude, decided that he must be a truly great man.

These facts were communicated to Bill by Miss Maynard, the young woman who was making such havoc with his affections. She was continually enlightening him on matters pertaining to important people, all of whom seemed to be the intimate friends of Melnor and his guests. Bill judged that he must accidentally have fallen into one of the most distinguished companies in the metropolis.

He began to take a tremendous interest in wealth and luxury, subjects to which he had previously given only the vaguest consideration. If this girl had talked to him about the irrigation of the Great American desert, he would never have been able to see a grain of sand thereafter without emotion.

The dinner lasted till half past 9 o'clock, when the party went to a theater, arriving when the performance was more than half over, which seemed to Bill a singular extravagance even for these fortunate people. After the theater some one suggested that they should go and get something to eat. Bill was not accustomed to draw his rations quite so often, but he made no objection. He did not care where they went so long as he went with them.

This supper was even more delightful to Bill than the dinner. He was less conscious of his own awkwardness, and he had almost entirely accustomed himself to the idea that somebody else was paying for everything. This had strongly oppressed him at first, for Bill had always had a magnificent liberality; but, as he afterward expressed it, with $5 in his pocket in that crowd he "simply had to be a bum."

There was one incident of the supper which impressed Bill particularly. Mr. Reeves received a note, and the boy who brought it said he had been on the trail since 6 o'clock.

As Reeves took the envelope in his hand the eyes of the young woman beside him fell upon it. Bill saw her face suddenly flush.

"That's from Millie Leavitt!" she cried.

"You are mistaken, my friend," replied Reeves gently, and he made a movement as if to put the note into his pocket unopened.

The girl snatched it out of his hand and sprang up. Bill's common sense told him that this scene was half jest, yet he viewed it with awful attention as a revelation of the innermost parts of high life.

"It's from Millie, and I'm going to read it," exclaimed the girl, and she tore an end of the envelope.

"I beg you not to do so," said Reeves. "It is not from a woman."

The girl wavered. Evidently her sense of honor would not permit her to read the note, yet her jealousy demanded something.

"If I can't read it," she said, "neither shall you. I'll burn it."

"If you cannot take my word for it," said Reeves gently, "you may do what pleases you."

She seized a burning taper which had been put upon the table for the convenience of the gentlemen, who were smoking, and set a corner of the envelope alight. Reeves did not move a muscle.

Suddenly the girl clutched the burning paper in her hand, extinguishing the flame, and then she threw the envelope down in front of Reeves.

"Thank you," said he, and was again about to pocket the note when the girl, with tears in her eyes, whispered, "Please let me read it, Johnny."

He nodded, and she pounced upon the letter like a kitten. The next instant she screamed so loudly that the hero of Manila and all the others except Reeves sprang up in alarm.

The envelope contained five Bank of England notes of £100 each—charred on the edges—and this communication:

Dear John—Here are the proceeds of the sale of the last of your bonds—in English money, as you requested. If this doesn't pull you through, I'll be hanged if I see how you're going to get out at all! Yet come to me, old man, if anything goes wrong, and I will do my best. Faithfully yours,

DONALD PAYNE.

The girl read it aloud, and then she put her head in her arms on the table and shed copious tears—real ones too.

And Bill Doyle had a new idea of calmness and courage. Reeves, the stock gambler, had displaced all the naval heroes in history.

When the supper was over, the gunner's mate took his fair partner home in a cab. On the Broadway corner of the street where she lived stood a young man with roses which he had been offering for sale in the all night restaurants. Bill bought the stock for $3, despite the protests of his companion, who promised to keep them and did for almost two days.

She said good night to Bill very prettily at her door. He returned to the cab like one in a dream.

"I'm to take you anywhere you want to go," said the cabman.

"I'll walk," replied Bill, who had not the courage to give the location of the tenement where his sister lived.

He plodded slowly home, and every step gave him a singular sensation of walking down hill.

The next morning he called at Melnor's office, vaguely hoping that there would be another dinner party. Melnor was not there, but he left a note for Bill saying that he regretted having to inform him that Tom Grady was

SHE SAID GOOD NIGHT TO BILL.

dead. The note was very kind and polite, but it did not mention any more dinner parties.

So that was the end. Nothing in New York was too good for Bill, and this is what he had got:

In his brain a vision of wealth and luxury and a troublesome new idea of life.

In his stomach a craving for terrapin and champagne cocktails.

In his heart a hopeless and absurd passion for a girl who was not what he thought she was and would not have been a good mate for him even if she had been.

In his soul a new ideal of character and conduct founded upon an exhibition of foolishness by a born gambler.

These things had cost him $3, which had nominally purchased roses. He was just so much poorer in pocket, though something like a hundred had been spent upon him in the last few hours.

The only thing he had gained was the knowledge that Tom Grady was dead.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

New Knapsacks for N. G. P.

Adjutant General Steward issued general orders to the national guard of Pennsylvania Wednesday morning that hereafter the knapsack or blanket bag for the guard will be of a pattern manufactured at the state arsenal in Harrisburg. It will be issued to organizations on the basis of fifty five to each infantry company, seventy to each light battery, thirty five to each brigade band and nine to each regimental non commissioned staff.

Issues will not be charged to the annual allowance account, but will be taken up and accounted for on annual returns on state property.

The orders state that the knapsacks will be properly stenciled at the arsenal with regimental number, company letter and consecutive company number. On the outside of the flap, the letters "N. G. P." are printed and no additional lettering or stenciling on the flap will be allowed. Knapsacks issued in addition to original issue will be stenciled with regimental and company letters on side. Shipments will begin immediately and all organizations will be supplied prior to the annual encampment at Mt. Gretna, in August.

OVERWORK

You know all about it. The rush, the worry, the exhaustion. You go about with a great weight resting upon you. You can't throw off this feeling. You are a slave to your work. Sleep fails, and you are on the verge of nervous exhaustion.

What is to be done? Take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

For fifty years it has been lifting up the discouraged, giving rest to the overworked, and bringing refreshing sleep to the depressed.

No other Sarsaparilla approaches it. In age and in cures, "Ayer's" is "the leader of them all." It was old before other sarsaparillas were born.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ayer's Pills aid the action of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. They cure biliousness. 25 cts. a box.

"I have used Ayer's medicines for more than 40 years and have said from the very start that you made the best medicines in the world. I am sure your Sarsaparilla saved my life when I first took it 40 years ago. I am now past 70 and am never without your medicines."

FRANK THOMAS, P. M.,
Jan. 24, 1899. Ehon, Kansas.

Write the Doctor.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address,

DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

— Now for a hot wave.

—Don't count the blossoms until Jack Frost gets through with them.

—Recent remarks of Admiral Dewey indicate that he is beginning to see the humor in his Presidential candidacy.

—The Lock Haven traction company is now defunct. A new company known as the Susquehanna Traction Company has taken its place.

—Boston's board of health has prohibited the use of powder puffs by barbers, and made a number of other regulations to improve the cleanliness of barber shops.

—Theodore P. Rynder who was placed in nomination for Vice-President before the Populist National convention at Sioux Falls Thursday formerly resided at Milesburg, this county. He is now a resident of Erie.

—At the recent meeting of the Centre County Medical Association Dr. R. G. H. Hayes, Dr. James Thompson and Dr. Edith Schad were appointed delegates to the meeting of the National Association which meets in Atlantic City the first week in June.

—In the United States there is one church for every 337 people. Boston has one for every 1,000, Minneapolis one for every 1,054. Bellefonte has a pretty fair record having one for every 550. Every Sunday twenty-four million people attend church in the United States.

—Some of the Philadelphia papers are discussing the possibility of the Pennsylvania railroad purchasing and operating the Huntingdon and Broad Top railroad. The papers talking of it say that the stock and bonds of the Broad Top company would be materially increased in value if the former road would take hold and control things.

—Recently pension agent J. H. Olliger, of Coleville, succeeded in securing a pension for young Frank Wallace, of Milesburg. It will be remembered that Wallace fell from a troop train while passing through Ohio on his way home from camp at Lexington, Ky., and was so badly hurt that he will never fully recover. He has been awarded $17.00 per month, with pay to date from the day of his injury.

—Samuel Smith, of Portage, while suffering with smallpox in its early stages, visited Johnstown Sunday and wanted to be admitted to the Memorial hospital there. He was promptly corralled by the board of health and returned to Portage in a wagon, accompanied by a health officer. A Portage doctor is said to have given Smith a letter to the hospital authorities asking that he be admitted.

—The Glass Works have organized a base ball club and are now ready to meet all comers, bar none. Green and Henderson are the battery. They already have a game scheduled with the Academy for Memorial Day, and if all reports are true they will make the boys from the hill hustle. Don Potter and Johnie Reilly are two of the shining lights of the Glass Works Club and to hear them talk one need not be surprised to hear of them tackling the Philadelphia League team for a game in the near future.

"I'd die for you!" the lover cried,
While lines of grief played 'round his brow.
"You needn't mind," the girl replied;
"I know to many dead ones now."

SPRUCE CREEK OPERATOR.

Stands Trial for Murder at Huntingdon.

The trial of Charles Robinson, the young telegraph operator at the Spruce Creek tunnel, who sent seven bullets into the body of John O. Neil, killing him instantly, because of the latters attentions to Mrs. Robinson was tried last week in the Huntingdon county court.

It will be remembered that Robinson intercepted letters from O'Neil to his wife, in which was laid bare the plot of an elopement. He procured a revolver from a friend on the morning of January 16, and got a substitute for a few hours in order that he might meet his wife and O'Neil at his home. He came upon them unawares, and, without further ceremony, sent seven bullets into O' Neil's body. He then carried the dead body out of the house, returned to the telegraph tower and refused to leave his post of duty until relieved by a substitute.

The testimony of Elsie Ronsall, a young sister of Mrs. Robinson and one of the three who saw the killing, was the most direct. She told of Robinson's coming to the house, of his killing O'Neil and of the maddened threats towards the witness and her sister. The women left the house with Robinson flourishing his revolver at at them.

The commonwealth rested with the conclusion of the testimony of Mrs. Maggie Banks and John T. Duff. Mrs. Banks testified that after the shooting Robinson came up to her and remarked: "It's a pretty note that you people knew of this all the time and never told me." It was Robinson's opinion that the neighbors were aware of the relations between his wife and O'Neil. Mr. Duff met the defendant immediately after the shooting, and according to his testimony, said, "Charley, what's wrong? You oughtn't to shoot your wife, you should shoot the man," to which Robinson replied: "There's a good deal wrong. The man's dead, go down and take charge."

Many witnesses were examined and Robinson was acquitted Friday of the charge of murder. The jury took only two ballots. Robinson had unsuspectly surprised his wife and O'Neil in their preparations for an elopement, which they were making at his home, and, knowing of O'Neil's intimacy with Mrs. Robinson, at once shot O'Neil, sending seven bullets into his body. The defense set up the plea of emotional insanity, which was sustained by expert testimony, and on this alone the jury found their verdict. Notwithstanding his counsel's motion for his immediate discharge, Robinson was sent back to jail by Judge Bailey until Saturday.

When a horse picks up a nail in his foot what does the driver do? Does he whip the limping, lagging animal and force him along? Not unless he wants to ruin the horse. At the first sign of lameness he jumps down, examines the foot and carefully removes the cause of the lameness. What is called "weak stomach" is like the lameness of the horse, only to be cured by removing the cause of the trouble. If you stimulate the stomach with "whisky medicines" you keep it going, but every day the condition is growing worse. A few doses sometimes of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will put the disordered stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition in perfect condition. Ninety-eight times in every hundred "Golden Medical Discovery will cure the worst ailments originating in diseases of the stomach. It always helps. It almost always cures. To cure constipation use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They're sure.

Goats to Prevent Forest Fires.

The terrible forest fires now raging throughout the country, and which trouble us every year, might be in a large measure prevented by stocking our hill and waste land with Angora goats. Seems a funny proposition, doesn't it. But it is true. All the briers, dead leaves and light stuff which now carry the fires like strings of powder would instead go to make mohair worth 40 cents a pound and to feed goats worth from twice to three times as much as sheep.

Goats thrive better on brush than on grass. At the Live Stock convention at Fort Worth, Tex., Col. Black gave an interesting account of clearing land with goats. On 600 acres that he knew of there was not the smallest bush or a single weed where two years before it was a perfect thicket. It is not at all uncommon in Oregon to use goats in clearing even virigin forests. Nothing seems to be too big or too bitter in the shape of vegetation for a goat to tackle.—Wellsboro Agitator.

Nine Safe Rules.

Seldom has there been better advice for the conduct of the human family than is boiled down in nine comprehensive antithesis: Drink less, breathe more, eat less, chew more; ride less, walk more; clothe less, bathe more; worry less; work more, waste less, save more; write less, read more; talk less think more; preach less, practice more. To follow these is to strike for better health, further popularity and greater success.

While the United States hesitates over appropriating money to revive its merchant marine in the foreign trade, foreign nations are appropriating over $26,000,000 for the current year's support of their merchant ships. The latter carry 91 per cent of American foreign commerce, and the former carry less than 9 per cent. Cause and effect are herein well shown.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

MAKES

Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.

A TRUE TEMPERANCE MEDICINE.

Contains no Alcohol, Opium, or other Narcotic.

ONE MAN LOSES LIFE.

While Assisting in Fighting Forest Fires.

The forest fires last week in the Black Forest, Youngwoman's creek and Kettle creek region were the most destructive in their history. Edwin Rebsam, of Slate Run, Lycoming County, was burned to death in attempting to fill a bucket with water for the fire fighiers.

Men "back firing" below Oleona saw what they thought were two men and two boys running down the road along which they were making a stand. The quartet however, proved to be two old bears and two cubs, the animals having been chased out by the advancing flames. Many bears have perished.

Men who have come in from the woods say the fire ran faster than a man could walk, and where it got into the "slashings" the flames shot thirty feet into the air. They saw hemlock trees aflame from trunk to chest, and the sparks from these were carried in veritable clouds across the forests.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the past 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Expansion Beneficial to Farmers.

Frank H. Hitchcock, chief of the section of foreign markets in the Department of Agriculture, says that the American farmer as well as the American manufacturer is reaping the benefits of expansion. He adds: "We are searching the world over to find new markets in order that the American farmer may have a readier and more profitable sale for his products. Our control of the markets of Cuba and Porto Rico will mean money in the pockets of our farmers. Under normal conditions these two islands purchase annually $50,000,000 worth of agricultural produce, chiefly breadstuffs and provisions, and practically all of this trade should come from the United States."

A Keen Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depends largely on the perfect action of your stomach and liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by F. Potts Green, druggist.

Exports of American manufactures will pass the $400,000,000 mark for the fiscal year ending with next month. In 1865 they only amounted to $183,595,742 And yet there are a few people who are still opposing protection and commercial expansion.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

CONFIRMATION SERVICES.

A Class of Twelve Confirmed by Bishop Talbot in St. John's Episcopal Church.

St. John's Protestant Episcopal church was the scene of interesting confirmation services Thursday evening conducted by Bishop Ethelbert Talbot. There was a large attendance and the closest attention was paid to the services. A class of eleven was confirmed, the confirmation services being specially solemn and impressive.

The sermon by Bishop Talbot was a very able and scholarly discourse and his address to those who were confirmed was full of kind words and good advice. The singing was especially fine under the direction of Miss Mary Bradley, the organist.

The Bishop's text was taken from the 6th chapter and 3rd verse of the gospel according to St. Peter, and his main thought was the hope of immortality held out to men by the resurrection of Jesus Christ. In his address to the confirmation class the Bishop reminded them that they are now at the beginning of what may be made very useful lives and he exhorted them to be faithful and continue steadfast always.

Those confirmed were Misses Christina M. Merriman, Margaret Jane Bartley, Anna Garman and Leora Gengher; Mr. Henry Harrison Montgomery, Mrs. Margery Agnes Montgomery, John Lieb Dartt Orrin Gilbert Cypher, (Junior class State College), John Dauberman Foot, Col. Wilbur F. Reeder and Mrs. Elizabeth Spencer Reeder.

A Chance for Young Men.

Congressman Hall furnishes the following with the request that it be published for the information of young men who may desire to enter the service of Uncle Sam in this branch of the service.

Cadet Revenue Cutter Service. The United States Civil Service Commission announces that on May 17-18-19, 1900, examinations will be held in any city in the United States where it has a board of examiners for the position of cadet in the Revenue Cutter Service:

The examination will consist of the subjects mentioned below, which will be weighed as followed:

1, Spelling (first grade); 2, geography of United States; 3, history and constitution of the United States; 4, grammar, composition, and rhetoric; 5, arithmetic (first grade); 6, algebra; 7, geometry; 8, trigonometry; 9, physics; 10, chemistry (inorganic only); 11, general information.

Three days of seven consecutive hours each will be allowed for this examination, as follows: The first five subjects will be given on the first day, the 6th, 7th and 8th subjects on the second day, and the remaining subjects on the third day.

Under the regulations of the Treasury Department, applicants must be not less than 18 nor more than 25 years of age, of vigorous constitution, physically sound and well formed, not less than 5ft. 3in in height, of good moral character, and unmarried.

Persons who desire to enter this examination should at once apply to the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C., for the application form 304, the medical certificate of which must be executed by a regularly commissioned surgeon or assistant surgeon of the U. S. Marine Hospital service, which should be properly executed and promptly filed with the Commissioner.

Applicants are advised that if they will communicate with the Commission, either by letter or telegraph, in sufficient time to ship examination papers, arrangements will be made to examine them conditioned upon the subsequent filing of their applications in proper form.

Tortured a Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by witness T. L. Martin, of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I coughed every night until my throat was nearly raw, then tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy in coughs, colds and all throat, chest and lung trouble. It will stop the worst cough, and not only prevents but absolutely cures consumption. Price 50c. and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at F. Potts Green's drug store.

Had Not Reached Heaven.

A peculiar story is told of a pillar of the church who died in this vicinity many years ago, says Town and Country, of Pennsburg. It appears the gentleman was a regular churchgoer, but many doubted his piety. After the death of this supposed good man the pastor posted his death on the church door, which was the custom in those days and very carefully adhered to. This notice read as follows: "Brother Johnson departed for Heaven at 4:30 this a. m." A wicked man who could not possibly have loved "Brother Johnson" during his stay here on earth, secured a telegram blank and posted it on the church door, after filling it out thus: "Heaven, 9:40 p. m.; Johnson not arrived; great anxiety."

—Work at the shirt factory is progressing nicely under the management of Ray and Shaeffer. The girls employed are all satisfied and making good wages. There are only a few machines that are not in operation.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A Word to Doctors

We have the highest regard for the medical profession. Our preparations are not sold for the purpose of antagonizing them, but rather as an aid. We lay it down as an established truth that internal remedies are positively injurious to expectant mothers. The distress and discomforts experienced during the months preceding childbirth can be alleviated only by external treatment—by applying a liniment that softens and relaxes the over-strained muscles. We make and sell such a liniment, combining the ingredients in a manner hitherto unknown, and call it

Mother's Friend

We know that in thousands of cases it has proved more than a blessing to expectant mothers. It overcomes morning sickness. It relieves the sense of tightness. Headaches cease, and danger from Swollen, Hard and Rising Breasts is avoided. Labor itself is shortened and shorn of most of the pain.

We know that many doctors recommend it, and we know that multitudes of women go to the drug stores and buy it because they are sure their physicians have no objections. We ask a trial—just a fair test. There is no possible chance of injury being the result, because **Mother's Friend** is scientifically compounded. It is sold at $1 a bottle, and should be used during most of the period of gestation, although great relief is experienced if used only a short time before childbirth. Send for our illustrated book about Mother's Friend.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

Eight Months in Jail.

J. C. Harmon, of Penfield, was sentenced Tuesday at Clearfield to eight months in the county jail for manslaughter. Harmon was a storekeeper at Penfield, and in his place of business brained Ezekiel Hewitt with a weight as the result of a quarrel about the delivery of goods. The judge, in passing sentence, explained his leniency by expressing a doubt as to Harmon's intention to kill his customer.

Consumption

is robbed of its terrors by the fact that the best medical authorities state that it is a curable disease; and one of the happy things about it is, that its victims rarely ever lose hope.

You know there are all sorts of secret nostrums advertised to cure consumption. Some make absurd claims. We only say that if taken in time and the laws of health are properly observed,

SCOTT'S EMULSION

will heal the inflammation of the throat and lungs and nourish and strengthen the body so that it can throw off the disease.

We have thousands of testimonials where people claim they have been permanently cured of this malady.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

An Aged Milesburg Citizen Dead.

Thomas M. Adams, an old an respected citizen of Milesburg, died at his home in that place Wednesday, May 9th. He had been in failing health for the past month, but was only confined to his bed the last day of his illness. Paralysis was the cause of death. His age was about 80 years. The interment was made in Union cemetery last Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. His wife preceded him to the grave about three years ago. Five sons and one daughter survive. Deceased was the father, of Ex-Commissioner T. F. Adams, of his place. Mr. Adams was a farmer by occupation.

Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dizziness,

Indicate that your liver is out of order. The best medicine to rouse the liver and cure all these ills, is found in

Hood's Pills

25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Ate Poisonous Blossoms.

Children when in the woods these springtime days should be careful what they eat. Near Hazelton, a few days ago, Margaret and James Dougherty, aged 6 and 8 years respectively, ate what they thought were huckleberry blossoms, which they found in the woods. Both were taken violently ill shortly afterwards. Margaret died in great agony, and her brother is not expected to recover. It is supposed the children ate laurel blossoms, which are poisonous.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

Local Department.

The wise man, it has oft been said,
Will carry his umbrella,
E'en when the sun most brightly shines
And atmosphere is mellow,
But now the man who want to be
Equipped for change in weather
Must be a walking wardrobe or
Miss wisdom altogether.

—Put up the screens.

—Everybody is busy these days.

—Fish stories are coming in slow.

—We'll soon begin to talk about picnics.

—Beware the featherweight underwear.

—The early house fly is spying out the land.

—The wise man keeps his overcoat handy.

—One way to cure hiccoughs is to sign the pledge.

—George Meiss of this place, has been granted a pension of $12.00 per month.

—They say that the output of gold in the Klondyke last year was $16,000,000 but they can't prove it.

—The thermometer registered 94 degrees in the shade Tuesday in the yard back of Krumrines drug store.

—When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

—Trout fishermen are complaining about the poor success attending their piscatorial outings this season thus far.

—Takes the burn out; heals the wound; cures the pain. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, the household remedy.

—Free Trade Great Britain imports eggs worth $25,000,000 a year. In the United States the protected American hens supplies the market,

—For the fourth time Hon. J. W. Babcock, of Wisconsin, has been choosen chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee. This is a mark of confidence never before shown to any Republican.

—No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Woods Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma. Never fails.

—The ladies of St Johns Catholic church will hold a progressive euchre and sociable this evening at the home of Mrs. Lena Brown on South Allegheny street. Everybody invited to attend.

—Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—James Confer, of place, and Miss Rebecca Comer, formerly of Bellefonte, but late of Dayton, Ohio, were married at the latter named place Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Confer were arrivals home Thursday afternoon.

—The Bellefonte Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, are contemplating giving a Colonial Reception in the Armory sometime during the coming month for the benefit of the Soldier's Monument.

—George T. Bush, chairman of the Transportation committee of the Centennial commission, informs us that they have secured a one fare round trip rate over all railroads and from all parts of the state to the Centre County Centennial to be held here July 25 and 26. This rate holds good from 24th to the 27th inclusive.

—Anyone entering Joseph's store either Saturday evening or Monday was surprised to see how much lighter it was in there than usual. On investigation it was found that the illumination was caused by the broad smile which lighted up the countenance of Foster Williams over the arrival of a bouncing baby girl at his home Saturday afternoon. Both mother and babe are doing well and Foster is being over whelmed with congratulations.

—Experienced woodsmen and hunters declare that the recent forest fires, which raged in Centre county mountains for a period of ten days, destroying timber to the value of over $100,000, also burned or drove out of the county more than half the game, animals and birds that populated this section. Persons who have been over some of the burned territory, found many carcasses of burned rabbits, pheasants and wild turkeys, as well as a few fawns. Sportsmen deplore the fact, which will undoubtedly make game very scarce this fall.

—The fires and the frosts of the spring have wrought many dollars of destruction to the vegetation of this state. The latter cannot be controlled by man, but the fires can, to a great extent, be prevented by wise precaution and a vigorous enforcement of existing laws. It is not so generally realized as it should be, that the loss of growing things is almost irreparable. Time, the most precious of all things, is required for their production and men cannot hasten their growth. A tree burned down, or a forest of them, is lost beyond recall to a generation.

JUDGE LOVE REVERSED.

The Supreme Court Decided In Favor of Jackson, Hastings & Co., and Against Estate of George W. Jackson.

The decision was handed down Monday by Justice Dean of the Supreme Court in the case of the estate of the late George W. Jackson versus Jackson, Hastings & Company, bankers, in which the judgment of the Common Pleas Court of Centre County is reversed. A bill in equity was filed by George T. Brew and George Jackson, Administrators of George W. Jackson, deceased, against Mr. Hastings, J. Henry Cochran and Henry C. McCormick, surviving partners of Jackson, Hasting & Company. Mr. Jackson, the decedent, and the defendants were alleged to have formed a banking partnership at Bellefonte, Centre county, during September, 1897. Mr. Jackson died about a month later, and his estate asked for a decree of dissolution, an account and a receiver. The defendants denied the complainant's right of action alleging that the partnership agreement provided that if one of the partners died the business should be carried on without him and not be dissolved, and his estate should received interest on the investment.

The lower Court decided that the defendants considered the partnership dissolved; that Jackson, at his death, was practically insolvent. The ruling was made as a matter of law that an insolvent partner could not tie up his estate by a partnership agreement, so as to protect it from possession by his representatives, and that the agreement was a fraud upon the decedent's creditors. The Court, therefore, decreed that the partnership be dissolved, and that the defendants' account. The defendants thereupon appealed.

Justice Dean says that there was no evidence to sustain the finding that the partners had agreed to dissolve, and that the reasoning of the lower Court upon the insolvency of the Jackson estate and the agreement being a fraud on the decedent's creditors was singularly inconclusive.

"The investment of money in a co-partnership," the opinion says, "was as open as a loan secured by mortgage of record, payable in ten years, or the lease of a farm to a tenant for the same period. It in no proper sense put the investment out of the reach of creditors. At most, it only modified or changed the form of remedy to reach it. The decree does not rest on either reason or authority." The Court, therefore, dismisses the bill with costs.

SPENT THE NIGHT IN THE WOODS

Little Child of Editor Burns of State College Wanders Away And is Lost.

A 4 year old son of George W. Burns, editor of the State College *Times*, was the object of a search of a forest that was made by a party of determined men, near Selinsgrove, Pa. Mr. Burns, who is in bad health, has been visiting with his family at the home of his mother at Selinsgrove. On Saturday Mr. Burns and his wife and their son Marlyn went to the Sheede mountain to gather teaberries. After their recreation they stopped at the house of a relative near the forest, and while the mother was busied in conversation, the tot stole away and returned to the woods. In the course of an hour the mother missed her boy, and, with her friends began a search, but with no success. Hundreds of men then organized a searching party and invaded the forest in all directions.

After hunting all night the searchers came upon the little one next morning lying fast asleep beside a log and none the worse for his night in the woods.

To Close Stores at 6 O'clock.

A movement is on foot among the merchants of the town to close their stores at 6 o'clock in the evening, except Saturday evenings, during the hot summer months instead of at 8 as heretofor. If the movement succeeds it will go into effect July 1, and last until September 1. A petition is now being circulated among the business men with this object in view. The movement is certainly a worthy one and it is hoped it will receive the hearty co-operation of all. Most of the business during the summer could easily be transacted before 6 o'clock, if the people only understood that stores closed at that time, and what a welcome blessing it would be to the business men and their hard working clerks if they could only have their evenings off during the hot summer. By all means let the movement be a success.

Girls, Take Warning.

Young girls who think it a great sport to enter into a correspondence with a stranger through correspondent bureaus, should take warning from the experience of a young Chambersburg girl, who recently had to invoke the aid of the police authorities to get rid of an unwelcome suitor, whom she had gained through correspondence. When the man appeared in Chambersburg he had the appearance of an ordinary tramp and he annoyed the girl so that she was thoroughly frightened and was forced to tell her story to the police. The man was arrested and given a hearing and was then ordered to leave town under threat of being jailed if he returned.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for May, 14th. 1900.

Viola Bartlett, Nelson Miller, Mrs Joseph Pierpoint, Philip Quierthers.

When called for please say advertised.

W, W. Montgomery P. M.

"A TRIP TO EUROPE."

A Grand Concert and Operetta to be Given Thursday Evening.

This evening there will be a grand concert and operetta given in the opera house under the auspices of Miss Mary Bradley and for the benefit of John's Episcopal church. Concert begins at 8 o'clock. The programme to be rendered is as follows:

PART I

Piano duet "Piff Paff".....Engelmann
Elsie Rankin and Jessie Etters.

Vocal Solo "The Mighty deep".....Jude
Mr. Sam Hart.

Piano trio "Menuet".....Mozart
Nettie Cooke, Gussie Smith, Edna Meyer.

Songs { a-Spring-tide.....Becker
b-A May morning.....Denza
Miss Bradley

Piano Solo { a "Loss".....Gurlitt
b-Merry Mood.....Lichner
Helen M. Bible.

Piano duet "A Coquettish Smile" Engelmann
Edna Meyer and Jessie Etters.

PART II.

Operetta "A trip to Europe"..... Macy
in 3 Acts.

Cradle Songs of Many Nations:
American Lullabye.....Miss Ceader
French Lullabye.....Miss Harris
Scotch Lullabye.....Miss Brisbin
Indian Lullabye.....Miss Furst
Swedish Lullabye.....Miss Brew
Plantation Lullabye.....Miss Johnson
Japanese Lullabye.....Miss Butts
Italian Lullabye.....Miss Donachy
German Lullaby.....Miss Harper
Puritan Lullabye.....Miss Laurie

Tableaux of all Nations.

Act I—Parlor at home.
Act II—On board ship.
Act III—On wharf at Liverpool, England.

Admission 25cts; Gallery 15cts. Reserved seats at Parrish Drug Store without extra charge.

State College Commencement.

SUNDAY, JUNE 10.

10.30 a. m.—Baccalaureate sermon, by the Rev. Lawrence M. Colfelt, D. D. Philadelphia.

MONDAY, JUNE 11.

3.30 p. m.—Annual inter-class athletic contest.

8.00 p. m.—Junior oratorical contest.

TUESDAY, JUNE 12.

8.30 a. m.—Annual meeting of the alumni association.

10.00 a. m. Annual meeting of the board of trustees.

12.00 m.—Alumni dinner (in armory).

2.30 p. m.—Meeting (in room No. 121) of delegates and alumni to elect trustees.

8.00 p. m.—Presentation of "She Stoops to Conquer," by "The Thespians."

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13.

10.00 a. m.—Graduation exercises of the class of 1900.

Commencement address, by Bishop John H. Vincent, D. D., Topeka, Kan.

Note—An examination of candidates for admission will be held at the college Thursday; June 14th, at 9 o'clock a, m. A second examination will be held Tuesday, September 11th, beginning at the same hour.

Orders for tickets over the Pennsylvania railroad and Branches to Lemont or to the college (via Bellefonte) and over the Reading and Beech Creek roads to Bellefonte good from June 8th to 21st, both inclusive. may be obtained from John I. Thompson, jr., State College, Pa.

Pleasant Gap Items.

The venerable John Furey, aged 87 years, ill all winter, seems to have won a new lease of life, being able to go about out-doors again, which his numerous friends will be glad to learn.

A singular case of unconsciousness is related by Dr. Emerick. A 15-year-old daughter of Mr. Curry, of Pleasant Gap, on Monday morning, April 30, suddenly dropped over unconscious, and remained in that condition until Saturday morning following, when she suddenly regained consciousness, having been utterly oblivious to what was going on—a blank leaf in her life. After coming to, the young lady was as well as ever in all respects. The doctor is of the opinion that the trouble was caused by extreme over-exertion, when, the day previous, Sunday, she, with others, ascended the steep mountain near the Gap, to view the fire.

A Notable Victory.

The base ball aggregation of the Bellefonte High School demonstrated Saturday afternoon that they know how to put up a first class article of base ball, They went to Snow Shoe Saturday afternoon and succeeded in defeating a picked nine from the mountain city by the score of 27 to 7. This is a big victory for the Bellefonte boys as the Snow Shoe nine was made up of big men and all pretty good players. The batteries were Haines and Buddinger for Snow Shoe and Twitmire and Otto for the High School. Twitmire struck out 18 men and Haines 2.

—The Southern editors continue to worry over the alleged unfairness of the elections in some of the Northern States. The Southern editors are great sticklers for fair elections.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

John M. Dale, Esq., spent Tuesday in Harrisburg.

Miss Minnie Brew is visiting friends in Washington. D. C.

Hard P. Harris spent a few days last week in Philadelphia.

John G. Uzzel of Snow Shoe was a familiar figure on our streets Saturday.

Lee Larimer, of Jersey Shore, is visiting his parents in this place.

Col. J. L. Spangler departed for Philadelphia Tuesday on a business trip.

Witmer Wolf, a prominent citizen of Centre Hall, was a Bellefonte visitor Monday.

J, Thomas Mitchell, Esq. has returned home from a two weeks visit in Philadelphia.

Miss Bess Hays returned home Saturday from a two days visit with friends in Tyrone.

Miss Helen Hastings is spending a week with her friend Miss Margaret Graham in Pittsburg.

Col. W. R. Teller, who has been visiting friends in this place, left for Philadelphia Tuesday.

Clyde and Warren Orwig, sons of a prominent lumber dealer at Hartleton, Pa., spent Monday in Bellefonte.

Orris Hoover, of Philadelphia, attended the funeral of his mother, Mrs Mary E. Hoover at this place Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Temp Cruse and little son, Andrew, are spending a few days at the home of Mrs. C.'s parents at Millheim.

John T. Harris, Manager of the Bell Telephone Exchange, at Philipsburg spent Sunday at his home in Bellefonte.

Ex-Judge Austin O. Furst and wife attended the funeral of Dr. Robert Gardner Furst at Cedar Springs Monday.

Will McCalmont, a medical student at the Medico-Chi College, Philadelphia, arrived home last week for his summer vacation.

Messrs. Harry Green, J. Malcolm Laurie and Dr. John Sebring left Monday morning for the mountains on a three days fishing trip.

Bertram Olmstead, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Frank T. Beers, returned to his home in Emporium Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. T. R. Hamilton of East Howard Street, returned home on Monday afternoon, from an extended visit to her old home in Philadelphia.

Mr, and Mrs. John Porter Lyon, of Pennsylvania Furnace, spent last week visiting Mrs. Lyon's parents, Mr. and Mrs Isaac Mitchell.

Bishop Ethelbert Talbot arrived in Bellefonte Thursday morning and administered confirmation in St. John's Episcopal church that evening.

Rev. George Israel Brown, rector of St John's Episcopal Church of this place is attending the convention of this diocese now in session at Scranton.

John Rumberger, ticket agent at the Bellefonte Station, of the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania is confined to his home with inflammatory rheumatism.

Rev. H. C. Hollaway D. D., departed Monday afternoon for White Deer, Pa., to attend the annual conference of the Lutheran church in session there.

Dr. Jos. M. Brockerhoff, who has been surveying the Brockerhoff lumber tracts in the West Virginia mountains for the past month, returned home on Monday.

Edward T. Tutent former editor of the Bellefonte Republican, departed Sunday for Pittsburg, where he will serve as a juror at the United States circuit court now in session there.

Mrs. John P. Harris departed Wednesday morning for Philadelphia to be present at the graduation of her son Edward H. Harris from Hahnemann Medical college in that city this evening.

Howard W. Pletcher, telegraph operator for the Pennsylvania Railroad company at this place, returned home Tuesday from a short pleasure trip to Philadelphia, New York and Atlantic City.

Mrs. Catherine Humes, who has been spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Luther Roberts in Pasedena, Cal., returned home on Saturday much benefited in health from her sojourn in the far west.

George G. Hutchinson of Warriors Mark, clerk in the State Dairy & Food Department, and well known in Bellefonte is mentioned as a possible successor to Major Levi Wells as Dairy and Food Commissioner.

Charles Hoffman and John Devine, of Ridley Park, Pa., arrived in Bellefonte Saturday evening and spent Sunday here as the guests of J. Will Conley. Monday morning they left for their annual fishing trip to Culvey's Gap.

Mrs. Anna C. Woodcock, who has been boarding at Gen Curtin's on West Linn street for the past three months, left Thursday morning for Chambersburg, where she will spend the summer with her sister at her old home.

Wallace Brungart has resigned his position as turnkey at the jail and left Monday for Williamsport where he will be employed at painting and drawing. He has been succeeded as turnkey by George Nearhood, of Rebersburg.

Mrs, W. H. Galway and her two little children Marie Louise and Stanley, who have been visiting for the past several months at the home of Mrs. Galway's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Harris, left Wednesday morning for their home in Radford, Virginia.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

No other aid so great to the housewife, no other agent so useful and certain in making delicious, pure and wholesome foods, has ever been devised.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

There are imitation baking powders, sold cheap, by many grocers. They are made from alum, a poisonous drug, which renders the food injurious to health.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

Matrimonial Licenses and Real Estate Transfers Recorded During the Past Week.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey.

Paul B. Gray, of Half Moon, and Susan Agusta Williams, of Patton Pa.

George E. Shuey, of Bellefonte, and Fannie Fillimslee, of Roland, Pa.

Ferdinand Beezer and Teressa Bederman both of Bellefonte.

J. Newton Kling, of Altoona, and Emma V. Sayers, of Walker, Pa.

George W. Hosterman, of Aaronsburg, and Emma R. Wingart, Coburn, Pa.

John Stachik and Mary Brunyak, both of Clarence, Pa.

Robert M. Campbell, of Lemont, and Katie Rossman, of Pleasant Gap, Pa.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Mills Alexander to Carrine Sheets dated Feb. 20, 1900. Tract of land in Rush township. Consideration $300.00.

Robert Hudson et ux to K. W. Lukenbach dated April 14, 1900. Lot of ground in Philipsburg. Consideration $125.00.

W. Fred Reynolds et ux to Elizabeth Benner dated April 1, 1896. 2 acres 63 rods in Benner township. Consideration $500.00.

Max Shell et ux to Joseph Shell dated April 21, 1900. 91 acres in Taylor township. Consideration $1600.00.

T. B. Riddle et ux to William Shawley dated July 17, 1899. 144 acres 26 perches in Boggs township. Consideration $2500.00.

James A. Beaver et ux and J. D. Shugert to William T, Markle dated July 20, 1885. Lot of ground in Bellefonte. Consideration $2 0.

E. H. Marshall to John Carver dated May 12, 1900. 23 acres 83.7 perches in Benner township. Consideration $600.00.

John W. Stuart et ux to J. H. Weber Feb. 6, 1900. 132 perches in College township. Consideration $1050.00.

George Takesky et ux to John Luther et ux dated November 2, 1899. 1 acre in Snow Shoe. Consideration $275.00.

William Pealer et ux and Hannah Erand, deceased, to Blanche L. Neese dated April 5, 1900. 67 perches in Gregg township. Consideration $500.00.

The Crop Outlook.

The monthly crop of the agricultural department made up to May 1 show the area of winter wheat cultivation on that date to have been about 26,585,000 acres, or 3,563,000 less than the area estimated to have been sown last fall. The reduction in acreage in the principal states, owing to winter killing and the ravages of the Hessian fly is as follows:

Indiana, 1,608,000; Ohio, 969,000; Michigan, 317,000: Pennsylvania, 158,000; and Illinois, 137,000 acres. For the area remaining under cultivation the average condition on May 1 was 88 9. The high averages of condition reported last month or Kansas, Missouri, Texas and other more or less important wheat producing states that have escaped the ravages of the fly have been fully maintained, and on May 1 nearly one-half of the entire winter wheat acreage remaining under cultivation reported a full normal or still higher condition.

SPRING MILLS ITEMS.

Here again.

J. V. Royer Esq., spent a few days with us last week.

Baseball and Croquet are the rage with our younger people.

Prof. C. L. Gramley held his examination here on Friday for teachers. About a dozen were in the class.

Mrs. Smith, of Pine Grove Mills, is visiting her sons John and William of this place.

C. P. Long's horse almost ran away for him owing to a cow with tin cans on her tail frightening him.

Mrs. Sue Neese is again seen behind the counters of her brothers store.

Spring certainly must be here as you can smell onion breath frequently.

A number of our young people went to Millheim to attend a concert Friday night but not so many as had intended as the roads were to muddy for those who planned going on wheels. Another quarter saved.

"Jolly Jake" is having an addition put to the house he recently purchased.

John Runkle and family moved to Centre Hall last week.

Bessie Auman was burried at the Salem cemetery Monday forenoon. She was the elder daughter of Peter Auman and will be greatly missed.

Mrs. Rebecca Waltz died Sunday morning after a few hours illness. A few years since Mrs. Waltz had a paralytic stroke and has been in feeble health ever since and when she was taken ill only lived a short while. A husband and family survive her. She was about 60 years old and had many friends. Interment at Salem church Wednesday.

Democratic candidates Fosters and Keplar are circulating among the people here but as yet no Republican candidates have been seen.

Farmers are all very busy planting corn. By the condition of the ground and weather good crops of fruit and grain excepting wheat are indicated.

AARONSBURG NEWS.

John Danner, a prominent manufacturer of Canton, Ohio, paid a short visit to old acquaintances in this place last week.

W. W. Bierly Post G. A. R., will hold their Memorial services in the Ref. Church in this place on Sunday the 27 inst. Rev. F. W. Brown of that church will preach the sermon.

Quite a number of our little folks through town were afflicted with pink eye during the past few weeks,

Jno. Hess, of Williamsport, accompanied by his sister Mrs Berttorf, of Pine Grove Mills, were visiting in this place for a few days last week.

Emanuel Cronmiller was to Danville last week to pay a visit to his daughter Mrs O. P. Adams living at that place.

Mrs. J. H. Wyle is visiting friends at Salona this week.

Miss Mary Stahl left for Milton, Pa., last Tuesday morning where she will stay with her relatives and friends for a few weeks.

Chas. Mensch of the *Gazette* Office Bellefonte spent last Sunday at his home in this place.

Mrs Susan Rupp was to Northumberland last week to attend the funeral of her brother Mr Samuel Shirk who was killed by accidently getting under a P. R. R. car near that place.